



Combi Compact ECO RF 24 (G.C. 47-291-05) ECO RF 30 (G.C. 47-291-06) ECO RF 36 (G.C. 47-291-07)

Installation, service and user instructions

Please read these installation instructions carefully before installing and using the appliance. Keep these installation instructions with the appliance.

Always act in accordance with the instructions indicated.



Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference. Please read the Benchmark Checklist carefully, page 51, and complete all sections, as required by law, relevant to the appliance and installation. The details within the Checklist will be required in the event of any warranty work. On completion the Checklist must be left with the end user. The relevant sections of the Service Record, page 52, must be completed on each subsequent Service visit.

Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the scheme. Visit www.centralheating.co.uk for more information.

CONTENT

1		Preface	4
	1.1	Regulation	
	1.2	Warnings	
	1.3 1.4	Manual handling	
	1.4	Warnings on the box	
	1.6	Pictograms	
	1.7	This manual	
	1.8	Service and technical support	
	1.9	Product identification	
	1.0		0
2		Safety regulations	6
	2.1	General	
	2.2	The Installation	
	2.3	Approvals	
	2.4	Technical data	
	2.5	Product Fiche according to CELEX-32013R0811, ANNEX iV	
	2.6	Components	9
3		General boiler information	10
	3.1	General	
	3.2	Boiler controller	
	3.3	Parameter list	
	3.4	Heat transfer	
	3.5	Central heating system	
	3.6	Room temperature control	10
4		Operation	11
	4.1	General	
	4.2	Central heating mode	
	4.3	Domestic hot water mode	
	4.4	Operating modes	
	4.5	PC interface	
	4.6	Test programs	
	4.7	Frost protection	13
5		Installer important points	14
6		Accessories	15
7		Installation	17
•	7.1	Overall dimensions	
	7.2	Installation location	
	7.3	Assembly	
	7.4	Installing the appliance	

8		Connection	21
	8.1	Connecting CH installation	
	8.2	Connecting DHW installation	22
	8.3	Electrical connection	23
	8.4	Condensate disposal	26
	8.5	Flue system	27
9		Commissioning the appliance	30
9	9.1	Commissioning the appliance	
		Filling and venting the appliance and the installation	
	9.2 9.3	Commissioning the appliance	
	9.3	Shutting down	აა
10		Setting and adjustment	33
	10.1	Directly via the operating panel	33
	10.2	Setting via the service code	34
	10.3	Parameters	34
	10.4	Setting maximum CH power	36
	10.5	Adjusting pump setting	36
	10.6	Weather– compensation adjustment	
	10.7	Gas-Air ratio control	38
	10.8	Checking the gas air ratio control	39
	10.9	Conversion to different gas type	43
	10.10	Faults	
	10.11	Fault codes	44
	10.12	Other faults	44
11		Maintenance	47
11	11.1	Disassembly	
	11.1	Cleaning	
	11.3	Assembly	
	11.4	Combustion	
	11.4		
12		Electrical diagram	49
	12.1	Electrical diagram Combi Compact ECO RF	49
	12.2	TC resistances	50
13		Short spares list	51
13		Short spares list	31
14		Warranty conditions	52
15		CE declaration	52
16		Gas boiler system commissioning checklist	53
17		Service record	54

© 2015 Intergas Heating Ltd. All rights reserved.

The information provided applies to the standard version of the product. Intergas Heating Ltd cannot therefore be held liable for any loss or damage arising from product specifications deviating from the standard version. The available information has been compiled with all possible care, but Intergas Heating Ltd cannot be held liable for any errors in the information or for the consequences thereof.

Intergas Heating Ltd cannot be held liable for any loss or damage arising from work performed by third parties.

Subject to change.

1 PREFACE

1.1 Regulation

The Intergas combination boiler meets the requirements of Statutory Instrument 'The Boiler (Efficiency) Regulations' and is deemed to meet the requirements of:

- Gas Appliance Directive 2009/142/EC
- Boiler Efficiency Directive 92/42/EEC
- Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC
- R&TTE Directive (1999/5/EG)

Intergas declares that the materials used in the manufacturing of this appliance are non-hazardous and that no substances harmful to health are contained within the appliance.

1.2 Warnings

Intergas accepts no responsibility for the unsatisfactory performance of the appliance or flue arising from the failure to comply with the installation and user instructions. Incorrect installation could invalidate your guarantee and may lead to prosecution.

If the appliance is re-sold or installation transferred the appliance must be re-registered with Intergas in order to maintain the warranty.

The boiler must be installed in accordance with these instructions and the regulations currently in force. Read these instructions carefully before installing or using the appliance. It is the installers responsibility that the installation conforms to the current legislation and Standard Codes of Practice.

1.3 Manual handling

When moving the boiler always keep your back straight, bend your knees, don't twist, move your feet. Avoid bending forwards or sideways and keep the load as close to your body as possible. Where possible transport the boiler using a suitable trolley, sack truck or get some assistance. Grip the boiler firmly and before lifting establish where the weight is concentrated to determine the centre of gravity, repositioning yourself if necessary.

1.4 Warnings on the box



This is a fragile piece of equipment: Please provide a dry storage for the appliance.



This is a fragile piece of equipment: Please be very careful not to drop.



Store the appliance in a flat position as indicated on the box.



No more than three boxes should be stacked on top of each other.

1.5 Pictograms

The following pictograms are used in this manual:



CAUTION

Procedures which – if they are not performed with the necessary caution – can result in damage to the product, the surrounding area or the environment, or in physical injury.



1.6 Abbreviations and descriptions used

Description	Referred to as
High efficiency	HE
Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF wall mounted gas fired boiler	Appliance
Appliance plus pipe work for central heating	CH installation
Appliance plus pipe work for domestic hot water	DHW installation

1.7 This manual

This manual will enable you to assemble, install and maintain the appliance safely. Follow the instructions carefully. In case of doubt contact the manufacturer. Keep these installation instructions with the appliance or with the gas meter.

1.8 Service and technical support

For information about specific adjustments, installation, maintenance and repair work, please contact:

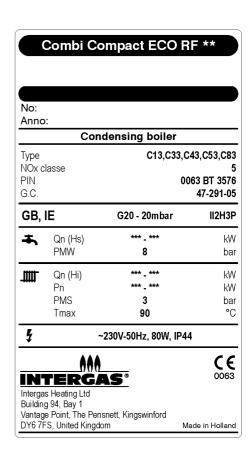
Intergas Heating Ltd
Building 94
Bay 1 Vantage Point, The Pensnett Estate
Kingswinford
DY6 7FS
Tel. 01527 888000
Fax. 01384 279480

info@intergasheating.co.uk www.intergasheating.co.uk

1.9 Product identification

You will find the appliance data on the data plate on the underside of the appliance.

- Model
- G.C. registration number
- Heat input (net) [kW]
- Heat output CH [kW]
- Appliance category
- Gas type
- Gas supply pressure [mbar]
- NOx class
- Appliance type
- Maximum CH pressure [bar]
- Maximum DHW pressure [bar]
- Maximum Flow temperature [°C]
- Electrical supply
- Protection
- PIN
- Serial number
- Production year



5

2 SAFETY REGULATIONS

The manufacturer Intergas Heating Ltd accepts no liability whatsoever for damage or injury caused by failure to adhere (strictly) to the safety regulations and instructions, or carelessness during installation of the Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF High Efficiency wall mounted gas fired boiler and any associated accessories.

2.1 General

It is law that all gas appliances are installed by a Gas Safe registered competent engineer and in accordance with the following recommendations:

- Current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations
- All current building regulations
- Building Standards (Scotland) Consolidated
- This appliance must be installed in accordance with the Gas (Safety and Use) Regulations, current Building Regulations, Building Standards (Scotland), I.S.813 Installation of Gas Appliances (Ireland), IEE Wiring Regulations (BS 7671), Health and Safety Document No. 635 (Electricity at Work Regulations) and Local Water Authority Bye Laws
- UK Water Regulations and Bye Laws
- Health & Safety



The installation must comply with the following British Standards codes of practice:

- BS 5440: Flues and Ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 70kW (Part 1 Flues)
- BS 5440: Flues and Ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 70kW (Part 2 Air Supply)
- BS 5546: 2000 Installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes.
- BS 5549: 1990 Forced circulation hot water systems
- BS 6700: 1997 Design, Installation, testing and maintenance of services supplying hot water
- BS 6798: 2000 Specification for installation of gas fired hot water boilers of rated input not exceeding 70kW
- BS 6891: 1998 Installation of low pressure gas pipe-work installations up to 35mm (RI)
- BS 7593: 1992 Code of practice for treatment of water in heating systems
- BS 7671: 2001 Requirements for electrical installations, IEE Wiring regulations

Reference should also be made to:

- Guide to condensing boiler installation assessment procedures for dwellings
- The institute of Gas Engineers document IGE/UP/7 for timber frame dwellings

2.3 Approvals

Natural Gas

Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF Pre-mix Condensing Combination Boiler

British Gas Service Listing:

Combi Compact ECO RF 36 G.C.N. 47-291-05 Combi Compact ECO RF 30 G.C.N. 47-291-06 Combi Compact ECO RF 24 G.C.N. 47-291-07

Notified /Body

Gastec 0063BT3576 Directive 90/396/EEC Directive 92/42/FFC

The Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF range of central heating boilers are manufactured from high quality materials and designed for reliability and optimum performance.

Intergas is committed to the continual development of their appliances and reserves the right to make changes without notification to ensure their customers benefit from the latest advances in combustion technology and energy conservation.







2.4 Technical data

Appliance category		C13; C33; C43; C53; C	283		
Gas supply pressure		20 mbar -G20 ; 37 mbar – G31			
Gas Category	II2H3P				
Cas Calegory					
Technical data Combi Compact ECO RF		24	30	36	
				1	
SEDBUK Rating		A	A	A	
Gas Council number		G.C. 47-291-05	G.C. 47-291-06	G.C. 47-291-07	
DHW					
Nom. Input rating (lower value)*	kW	5.6 – 22.1	7.1 – 28.0	7.6 – 32.7	
DHW threshold	l/min	2	2	2	
DHW Flow Rate at 40°C	l/min	10	12.5	15	
DHW Flow Rate at 60°C	l/min	6	7.5	9	
ΔT 25 °C	I/min	12	15	18	
ΔT 35 °C	l/min	8.5	10,5	13	
DHW temperature (factory setting)	°C	55	55	55	
Max. DHW water pressure	bar	8	8	8	
DHW side pressure loss	KPa	See § 8.2.2	See § 8.2.2	See § 8.2.2	
Differ side pressure loss	IN U	000 8 0.2.2	000 g 0.2.2	000 § 0.2.2	
CH					
Nom. Input rating (lower value)*	kW	5.6 – 18.7	7.1 – 23.7	7.6 – 27.0	
Rated power*	kW	6.1 – 18.2	7.7 – 23.1	8.2 – 26.6	
Max. CH water pressure	bar	2,5	2,5	2,5	
Max. CH water temperature	°C	90	90	90	
Other data					
Gas consumption (G20)	m³/h	0.58 - 2.29	0.74 – 2.91	0.79 – 3.39	
Gas consumption (G31)	m³/h	0.22 - 0.87	0.28 – 1.11	0.30 – 1.29	
Appliance pressure loss (CH)	mWk	See § 10.5	See § 10.5	See § 10.5	
NOx class natural gas		5	5	5	
NOx class LPG		5	4	5	
Electrical data					
Mains power	V	230	230	230	
Safety class	IP	IP44	IP44	IP44	
Power consumption : full load	W	80	80	80	
Power consumption: standby	W	2	2	2	
. c concumption during	* *				
Boiler dimensions and weight					
Height	mm	590	650	710	
Width	mm	450	450	450	
Depth	mm	240	240	240	
Weight	kg	30	33	36	
-		•	•	•	

^(*) The maximum CH power is factory set at 70% of the highest value (See section §10.4, Setting maximum CH power).

We have a policy for continual improvement and development, therefore we reserve the right to change specifications without prior notice.

2.5 Product Fiche according to CELEX-32013R0811, ANNEX iV

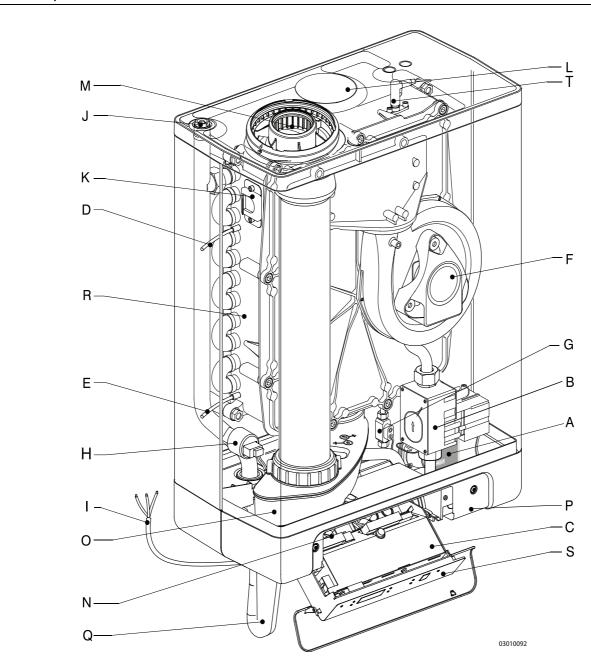
Supplier			Intergas Heating Ltd Building 94, Bay 1 Vantage Point The Pensnett Estate Kingswinford West Midlands DY6 7FS		
Type designation	Symbol	Unit	Combi Compact ECO RF		
			24	30	36
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class	-	-	A	A	Α
Heat rated output (power)	P _{rated}	kW	18	23	27
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	ης	%	93	93	93
Annual energy consumption	QHE	GJ	55	69	80
Sound power level	L _{WA}	dB	45	45	50
Maximum load profile	-	-	L	XL	XL
Water heating energy efficiency class	-	-	A	A	A
Water heating energy efficiency	ηωн	%	84	87	87
Annual electricity consumption	AEC	kWh	14	17	16
Annual fuel consumption	AFC	kWh	3173	4975	4952



CAUTION

- Please read all instructions before fitting this appliance.
- This appliance is not intended for use of persons (including children) with diminished physical, sensory or mental ability, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless supervised by, or instruction about the use of the appliance by a person who is responsible for their safety.
- The appliance and installation should every year be inspected by an qualified installer and cleaned when necessary. See annual cleaning § 11.
- The appliance can be cleaned with a damp cloth. Don't use aggressive or abrasive cleaning- or solvent products.

2.6 Components



- A. CH pump
- B. Gas valve
- C. Boiler controller
- D. Sensor S1
- E. Sensor S2
- F. Fan
- G. Flow sensor
- H. CH pressure sensor
- I. Mains lead 230 V AC without plug (stripped)
- J. Manual air bleed
- K. Sight glass

- L. Air supply cap (not te be removed)
- M. Flue pipe adapter (only to be used in combination with the accompanying elbow in flue sets).
- N. Connection block / terminal strip X4
- O. Condensate drain pan
- P. Hot water sensor S3
- Q. Condensate trap
- R. Heat exchanger
- S. Operating panel and read-out
- T. Ionisation / Ignition electrode
- U. Position of data plate

3 GENERAL BOILER INFORMATION

3.1 General

The Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF wall mounted, gas fired boiler is a closed appliance. The appliance is designed to transfer heat to the water circuit in a CH system and the DHW installation.

The air supply and combustion gas flue connection is as standard prepared for a concentric 60/100 horizontal flue system. The appliance can be connected to a wall mounting jig and expansion vessel. The appliance can also be connected without the wall mounting jig using the robo kit.

The Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF wall mounted gas fired boiler carries the CE rating and IP44 electrical protection.

The Combi Compact ECO RF 36 is suitable for supplying at least 13 litres of water per minute at 35°C temperature arise. The Combi Compact ECO RF 30 is suitable for supplying at least 10.5 litres of water per minute and the Combi Compact ECO RF is suitable for supplying at least 8.5 litres of water per minute.

It is possible to use the appliance solely for hot water or solely for heating. The unused system does not have to be connected. The parameters have to be set accordingly.

The appliance is supplied as standard for natural gas (G20). For usage of propane gas (G31) the boiler can be modifed by changing the gas injector. A gas conversion kit can be ordered at Intergas Heating Ltd.

Note

Modification of the boiler can only be done by a qualified competent person.

3.2 Boiler controller

An electronic control unit, consisting of a boiler controller and separate ignition module which is placed on the gas valve, provides direct burner ignition and flame supervision along with continuous modulation of the burner's gas supply.

3.3 Parameter list

All boiler adjustments are accessible through the parameter list in the software.

3.4 Heat transfer

Heat transfer to the boiler's heating and DHW circuit is obtained via a primary, gas to water heat exchanger within a hermetically sealed combustion chamber. A modulated speed fan blows the gas/air mixture into the combustion chamber and expels the products of combustion to outside air via an associated flue system.

3.5 Central heating system

An integral High Efficiency modulating pump located in the boilers hydraulic circuit circulates water through the heat exchanger to the central heating circuit. During DHW demand the pump stops functioning, so all the heat is directly transferred to the integrated DHW circuit and no transfer losses occur. In the event of reduced or interrupted water circulation in the central heating circuit, an automatic system by-pass should be fitted as far away from the boiler as possible.

Note

It is no longer permissible to utilize a non-thermostatic controlled radiator as a by-pass.

3.6 Room temperature control

To control the room temperature an external programmable room thermostat must be used, optionally in combination with thermostatic radiator valves. The integrated RF module provides wireless connection to wireless room thermostats.

Note

Connection of the room thermostat is dependant on the operating voltage of the thermostat.

4 OPERATION

4.1 General

The Intergas Combi Compact ECO RF wall mounted, gas fired boiler is a modulating high efficiency boiler. This means that the power is adjusted in line with the desired heat requirement. The aluminium heat exchanger comprises of two separate copper circuits. As a result of the separately constructed circuits for CH and DHW the heating and hot water supply can operate independently of each other. The hot water supply takes priority over the heating. The two systems cannot operate simultaneously.

The appliance is equipped with an electronic boiler controller which, each time heat is requested from the heating or the hot water supply, starts the fan, opens the gas valve, ignites the burner and continuously monitors and controls the flame, depending on the requested output.

By setting a parameter the boiler can be set to operate either on domestic hot water only, heating only or DHW and heating.

It is possible to use the boiler's DHW circuit without connecting and filling the central heating system.

Note

Domestic hot water demand draws preference over heating. During heating periods the boiler will automatically revert back to heating mode, after a draw off of hot water.

4.2 Central heating mode

When a heating demand is requested (power is on, the timer and thermostat are calling for heat) the integral High Efficiency modulating pump is energised and the boiler will fire automatically. The central heating water is now circulated around the system. During CH demand the output is automatically adjusted to the heating demand by reducing or increasing the fan speed and the pump speed.

When the end of the central heating demand is reached (the thermostat reaches temperature the burner will shut down while the pump remains functioning during a preset period of time to dissipate any excess heat from within the boiler's heat-exchanger. After that the boiler will revert to stand-by, waiting to respond to the next heating or hot water demand

During the heating period a call for hot water will take preference over heating.

4.3 Domestic hot water mode

When there is a request for hot water the boiler will fire automatically. When on this moment a heating demand was answered the pump will immediately stop so all the heat can be used to heat up the DHW.

When the request for hot water ends and the request for heating is still present it is possible to create a delay (1 - 15 minutes) in answering this request by adjusting the parameter [o] (See § 10.3).

4.4 Operating modes

4.4 Operating modes
A code on the service display of the operating panel indicates the appliance's operating
mode.
- Off
The appliance is out of operation but is supplied with electrical power. No response occurs to calls for DHW or CH. The appliance frost protection is active. This means that the pump operates and the exchanger is heated up if the temperature of the water present in it falls too far.
If the frost protection is actuated, code 7 is displayed (heating the exchanger).
In this operating mode the pressure in the CH installation (in Bar) can also be read on the main display.
Waiting mode
The LED at the ① button is lit and possibly one of the LEDs for the DHW comfort function. The appliance is ready to respond to a request for CH of DHW.
THE appliance is ready to respond to a request for OTTOLDITY.

☐ Pump overrun of CH
After the end of CH operation the pump continues to run. The running time is factory set at the value in accordance with § 10.3. This setting can be changed.
In addition, the pump runs automatically for 10 seconds once every 24 hours in order to prevent seizing. This automatic switching on of the pump occurs at the time of the last call for heat. To change the time, the room thermostat setting should be increased briefly at the desired time.
Boiler shutdown when required temperature reached The boiler controller can temporarily shut down the request for heat. The burner is then stopped. Shutdown occurs because the requested temperature has been reached. When the temperature has fallen sufficiently and the anti cycle time has passed the shutdown is cancelled.
Self-test The connected sensors are checked regularly by the boiler controller. During the check the boiler controller does not perform any other tasks.
When the appliance is started the fan is first brought to starting speed. When the
starting speed has been reached the burner is lit. Code $\boxed{3}$ is also visible when post-ventilation is taking place after the burner has stopped.
Ignition When the fan has reached the starting speed, the burner is ignited by means of
electrical sparks. During ignition the code $\boxed{4}$ is visible. If the burner does not ignite, a new ignition attempt occurs after approximately 15 seconds. If after 4 ignition attempts the burner is not yet burning, the boiler controller goes into fault mode (See § 10.11).
5 CH operation An on/off thermostat, an OpenTherm thermostat, an external sensor or a combination of the latter can be connected to the boiler controller.
When a request for heat is received from a thermostat, the fan is started (code 3), followed by ignition (code 4) and CH operating mode (code 5).
During CH operation the fan speed and hence the appliance power are controlled by the boiler controller so that the CH water temperature reaches the desired CH supply temperature.
If an on/off thermostat is connected, this is the CH supply temperature set on the display. In the case of an OpenTherm thermostat the desired CH supply temperature is determined by the thermostat. In the case of an external sensor the desired CH suppply temperature is determined by the heating line programmed in the boiler controller. For the latter two, however, the maximum is the temperature set on the display.
During CH operation the requested CH supply temperature is indicated on the operating panel.
The CH supply temperature can be set between 30°C and 90°C.
When the DHW comfort function is switched on (See code 7) any OpenTherm request for heat of less than the value of par. E is ignored.
DHW operation The hot water supply takes priority over the heating. If the flow sensor detects a need for more than 2 I/min of DHW, any demand for CH will be interrupted. After the fan has
reached speed code 3 and ignition has taken place code 4 the boiler controller goes
to DHW mode code S.
During DHW operation the fan speed, and hence the power of the appliance, are controlled by the boiler controller so that the DHW water temperature reaches the DHW temperature setting.
The water temperature can be set between 40°C and 65°C (See § 10.1.6).

Pre-heating facility

To enable fast delivery of domestic hot water the boiler controller is equipped with a DHW comfort function. This function maintains the temperature of the heat exchanger to a pre defined temperature. The DHW comfort function has the following settings:

- On: (① LED on) The appliance's DHW comfort function is switched on continuously.
 In this mode the heat exchanger will be kept on temperature to assure instant
 delivery of DHW.
- Eco: (∑ LED on) The appliance's DHW comfort function is self learning. The
 appliance will adapt to the patttern of use of the hot water tap. As a result, the
 temperature of the heat exchanger will not be maintained during the night or in case
 of lengthy absence.
- Off: (Both LEDs off) The temperature of the heat exchanger is not maintained, as a
 result of which the delivery of hot tapwater takes a little time. If there is no need for
 fast delivery of hot tapwater, the DHW comfort function can be switched off.

4.5 PC interface

The boiler controller is equipped with an interface for a PC, which can be connected by means of a special cable and associated Intergas Diagnostic Software (IDS). This facility allows the behaviour of the boiler controller, the appliance and the heating installation to be monitored over a longer period.

4.6 Test programs

The boiler controller has a facility for placing the appliance in test mode. Activation of a test program will result in the appliance starting operation at a fixed fan speed, without the control functions being actuated. The safety functions do remain active. The test program is ended by pressing the + and - simultaneously or will end automatically after 10 minutes.

Test programs

Program description	Button combinations	Display reading
Burner on at minimum power	✓ and —	
Burner on with maximum CH power setting (See § 10.3, parameter 3)	→ and + (1x)	h
Burner on with maximum DHW power (See § 10.3, parameter 4)	✓ and + (2x)	H
Switch off test program	+ and -	Actual situation

4.7 Frost protection



FROST PROTECTION

To prevent freezing the appliance is equipped with an internal frost protection. If the heat exchanger temperature falls too low, the burner switches on and the pump runs until the heat exchanger temperature is sufficient. When the appliance frost protection is activated the symbol code 7 is displayed (pre heating the heat exchanger). If the installation (or a part of it) is in danger of freezing, an (external) frost thermostat must be fitted to the return line at the coldest location. This must be connected in accordance with the wiring diagram (See § 8.3).

Note

If the appliance is out of operation (_ on the service display) the appliances internal frost protection is still active. However, this means there will be no response to a request for heat from an (external) frost thermostat.

5 INSTALLER IMPORTANT POINTS

Please read all instructions before fitting this appliance

- The installer shall instruct the user on the operation of the boiler, safety devices
 contained within the boiler and on the location of the filling loop and how to re-pressurise
 the system if the water pressure falls.
- The installer should then hand over the instructions indicating the included Benchmark Commissioning Checklist that has been completed.
- It is required under Gas Safe Regulations for the installation to be notified to Building Control (Gas Safe Notification).
- Before proceeding to commission the boiler check the gas inlet pressure is 20mbar (NG) or 37mbar for Propane.
- Combustion analysis with a correctly calibrated and certificated analyser is essential for safe commissioning of the boiler.
- A pressure reducing valve set to 3.5 bar must be fitted if supply mains pressure is above 4 bar.
- A suitable scale reducer must be fitted if water hardness is above 200 ppm.
- The user should be instructed to keep the instructions in a safe place for servicing and future reference.
- It is important to keep the boiler clear of dust during the installation. In particular, do not allow debris to enter the flue connection at the top.
- Before fitting the boiler ensure that the pipe work that you are installing is connected to the appropriate connections on the boiler.
 - It is important to thoroughly flush the water circuits, after isolating the boiler, in order to remove any fluxes and debris from them. This should be done particularly where boilers are being fitted to existing radiator circuits (please refer to current Standard Codes of Practice).
- BS 7593:2006 for the details to clean DHW and Central heating system).
- This boiler has been factory set but adjustment may be required to the heating input in order to match the individual heating demand. This can be done by changing parameter 3 (= max. power CH) or parameter 4 (= max. power domestic water).
- Please do not use the pressure relief valve as a means of flushing the system.
- Remember that after hot water draw of a possible delay may occur before the heating system will fire up.
- All fluxes, residues and cleaner must be flushed from pipe-work and radiators prior to commissioning.
- External expansion vessels are best connected water side downwards to allow correct draining/cleaning of system and to prolong the life of the vessel diaphragm.
- Note: an anti-cycle delay time can be set up to a maximum of 15 minutes by adjusting parameter P as described in § 10.3.
- If you experience any problems please refer to the installation and commissioning guidelines within the boiler instruction manual. If necessary, please contact Intergas Heating Ltd (See § 1.8).

Remember it is a requirement to complete the Benchmark code of practice logbook before leaving the installation. You are also required to register the boiler through the Gas Safe registration scheme.

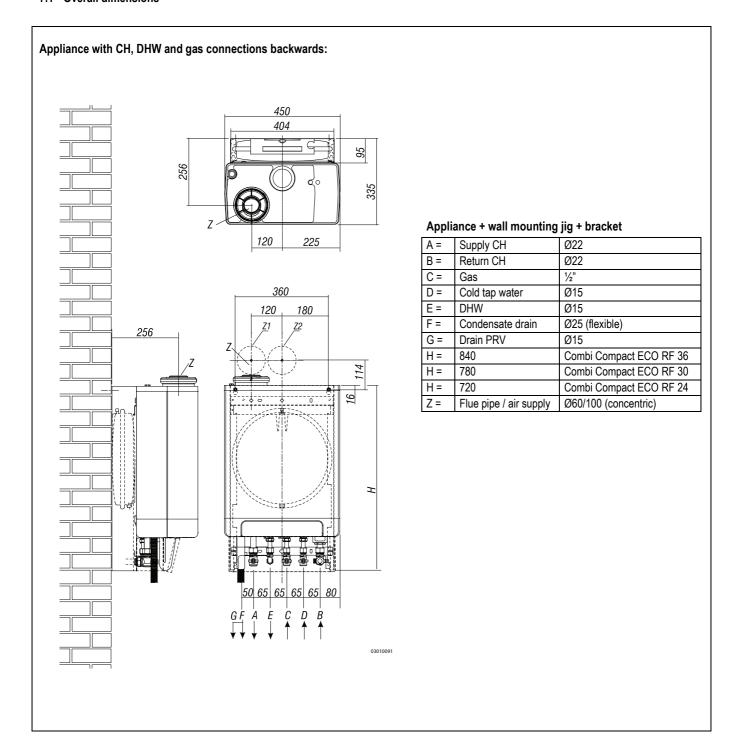
6 ACCESSORIES

Description	Article number	
Pipe cover set (incl. mounting material)	093217	
Wall mounting jig + exp. vessel 8 litres ECO RF 36	093207	0
Wall mounting jig exp. vessel 8 litres ECO RF 30	093197	
Wall mounting jig + exp. vessel 8 litres ECO RF 24	093187	
Wall mounting jig 1 exp. vessel 0 littes 250 Kt 24	033107	
Outside sensor	203207	
Sampling cap	847000	
Bend 45°	084661	
Bend 90°	084660	
		00
Deflector kit	081295	
Weather slate (steep roof)	087910	#
Weather slate (flat roof)	087372	
Extension L = 100 incl. wall bracket	082975	•
Horizontal telescopic offset wall terminal	081298	
Only to be used in combination with the base adapter on the boiler		
Horizontal straight wall terminal extended	082980	
Only to be used in combination with the base adapter on the boiler		
Horizontal telescopic wall terminal	081297	
Only to be used in combination with the base adapter on the boiler		

Description	Article number	
Vertical roof terminal (incl. boiler adapter 60/100)	082973	
Plume management kit	081294	
Elbow 90° (for plume management kit)	081284	
Elbow 60° (for plume management kit)	081285	
Extension L = 100 incl. wall bracket (for plume management kit)	081286	
Robo kit 8 ltr.	090100	# 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13
Robo kit 12 ltr.	090000	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##

7 INSTALLATION

7.1 Overall dimensions



7.2 Installation location

- If the boiler is to be installed in any room or compartment, it does not require any
 purpose made ventilation for combustion air. If sited in a room containing a bath or
 shower then particular reference is drawn to the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations,
 local Building Regulations or any other local regulations currently in service.
- The boiler is not suitable for external installation unless protected by a purpose made building such as a boiler house.
- The following clearances are recommended for installation purposes: 200 mm above, 300 mm below and 10 mm at each side. 500 mm is required at the front but this may be realized by opening a cupboard door.
- Flammable fluids and materials must be stored at least 1 metre away from the boiler.
- The wall on which the boiler is mounted must be sufficiently strong to support the weight of the boiler.

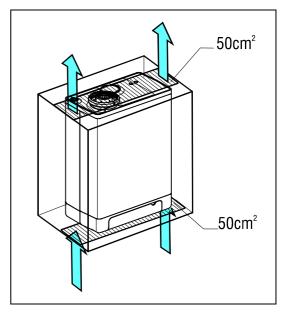
7.2.1 Installing in a kitchen cupboard

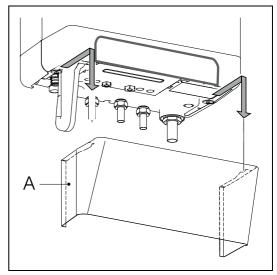
The appliance can be installed between two kitchen cabinets or in a cabinet. Ensure sufficient ventilation at top and bottom. When installed in a cabinet, ventilation openings of at least 50 cm² must be created at the top and bottom of the appliance to ensure free flow of air.

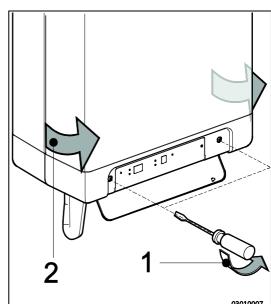
7.2.2 Removing cover plate and front panel

For various work on the appliance the cover plate and front panel should be removed from the appliance. Proceed as follows:

- If cover plate (A), is used, remove to the front.
- Unscrew the two screws (1) behind the appliance display window.
- Pull the bottom of the front panel (2) forwards.







7.3 Assembly

The boiler can be mounted either on the fixing strip which is supplied in the box or to a wall mounting jig with an expansion vessel.

The wall mounting jig includes an expansion vessel and shut off valves.

If the fixing strip is used an external ROBO kit must be fitted as well.

7.3.1 Using the wall mounting jig + mounting bracket

- Using the fastening materials supplied, secure the jig vertically to the wall.
 Make sure the wall is suitable for placing the boiler.
- Secure the bracket with the shut-off valves in the jig by inserting it with the flanged side upwards through the openings (sleeves) in the jig.

Note

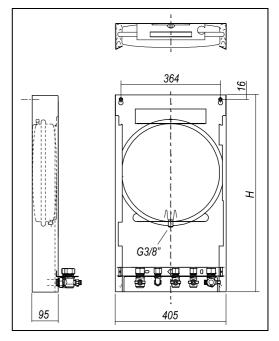
The appliance is wider than the jig.

• Install the CH heating system and the DHW system to the valves.



CAUTION

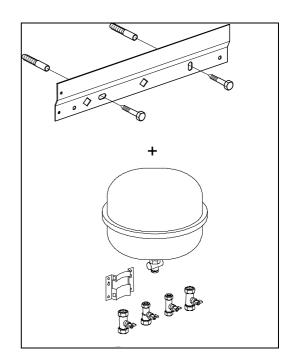
Make sure that the boiler connections of the shut off valves remain in the correct position (= straight upwards). Do not over tighten connections. Do not turn tightened valves on pipes as this weakens joints within the boiler.



H=	840	Combi Compact ECO RF 36
H=	780	Combi Compact ECO RF 30
H =	720	Combi Compact ECO RF 24

7.3.2 Using the fixing strip + ROBO kit (8 or 12 litre)

- Position the fixing strip to the wall and drill the holes.
- Using apropriat fixing materials, secure the strip horizontaly to the wall.
 Make sure the wall is suitable for placing the boiler.
- Hang the boiler on the fixing strip and connect the ROBO kit to the boiler and installation.



7.4 Installing the appliance

- Unpack the appliance.
- Check the contents of the packaging. It consists of:
- Appliance (A)
- Wall mounting strip (B)
- Condensate trap (C)
- Installation instructions
- Operating instructions
- Warranty card
- · Templates for either wall or jig mounting
- Check the appliance for possible damage: report damage immediately to the supplier.
- 4. Decide either to use the wall mounting strip (supplied) or wall mounting jig.
- 5. The templates show the positions for the horizontal flue. Drill the exit holes, being sure to prevent dust or debris from entering the boiler or pipe-work.
- If the wall mounting strip is secured to the wall then slide the boiler down until latched.
- If the jig is fixed securely to the wall then it is possible to fit the pipe connections prior to hanging the boiler. Pipe connections are (from right to left) as follows for both methods: PRV 15 mm CH flow 22mm DHW 15 mm Gas 22 mm Cold main 15 mm Return 22 mm.

IMPORTANT: The gas supply should be minimum 22mm up to gas isolation valve on boiler. It is the installers responsibility to ensure sufficient gas supply.

- Check whether the compression rings are sitting squarely in the mounting bracket couplings.
- 9. Fit the appliance, sliding it downwards on the jig. Ensure at the same time that the pipes slide into the compression fittings.
- 10. Tighten the compression fittings on the mounting bracket. Do not turn tightened valves on pipes as this weakens joints within the boiler.
- 11. Fit the flexible tube (D) to the condensate trap outlet (C).
- 12. Fill the condensate trap with water and slide it as far as possible upwards on to the condensate drain connector below the appliance.
- 13. Connect the flexible tube from the condensate trap to the drain (E) via an open connection. The condensate discharge system must be made of plastic, no other materials may be used. The discharge duct must have a minimum gradient of 5 20 mm/m. Condensate discharge via the gutter is not allowed given the risk of frost and the possible damage to materials.
- 14. Fit the flue.



CAUTION

Always fill the condensate trap with water and place it on the boiler before powering up the boiler.

Not placing or filling up the condensate trap may cause flue gases to come into the installation room and can lead to dangerous situations!

In order to place the condensate trap the front cover must be pulled forward or removed entirely.

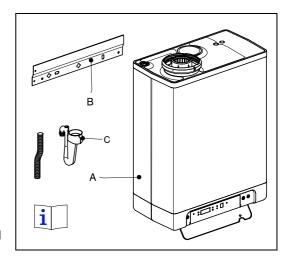


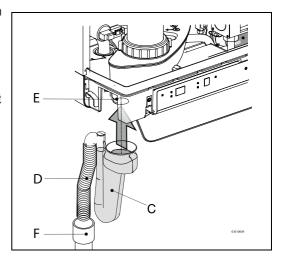
Note

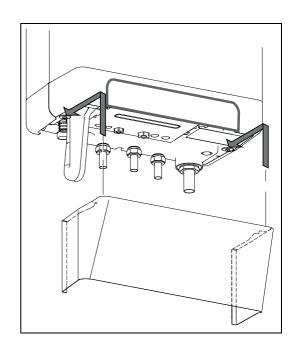
It is recommended that any external condensate pipe is insulated and increased to 32mm diameter in order to prevent the condensate from freezing.

7.4.1 Fitting the cover plate (optional)

Hang the flanged upper edge of the cover plate on the washers under the base of the appliance and slide the cover plate as far as possible towards the rear.







8 CONNECTION

8.1 Connecting CH installation

- Flush the CH system thoroughly (please refer to current Standard Codes of Practice).
- Fit the flow and return pipes to the isolation valves.
- 3. All pipes must be fitted unstressed in order to prevent the pipes from ticking.
- 4. Existing connections must not be twisted, in order to avoid leakages. Make sure the compression fittings are thightened thoroughly to prevent leakage.

8.1.1 The CH system should be equipped with:

- A drain tap in the return pipe immediately below the appliance.
- A drain tap at the lowest point(s) of the installation.
- A non return valve, if pipes run upwards at a short distance from the appliance. This
 avoids the occurrence of thermosyphon effect during DHW operation mode.

8.1.2 Thermostatic radiator valves

If all radiators are equipped with thermostatic or radiator valves, an auto bypass must be fitted in order to guarantee minimum water circulation. The auto bypass must be as far as possible from the appliance in order to prevent overheating of the appliance.

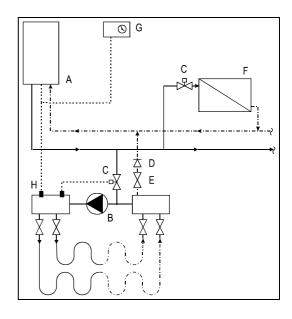
8.1.3 Floor heating

For effective operation of the DHW supply any undesired circulation through the appliance as a result of a second pump in the CH circuit must be avoided.

Connect the floor heating system in a hydraulically neutral manner to the appliance, or equip the CH circuit with an electric shut-off valve or check valve to prevent flow through the appliance when there is no CH request for heat.

Connection diagram for floor heating

- A. Boiler
- B. Pump
- C. Floor heating valve
- D. Non return valve (spring operated)
- E. Electrical valve 230 V AC
- F. Radiators
- G. Room thermostat
- H. Maximum thermostat



8.2 Connecting DHW installation

- Flush the installation thoroughly to clean (please refer to current Standard Codes of Practice).
- 2. Fit the cold and hot water pipes into the shut off valve and the elbow.
- Existing connections must not be twisted, in order to avoid leakages.
 Make sure the compression fittings are tightened thoroughly to prevent leakage.

8.2.1 Notes

- If the appliance is only used for the provision of hot water, the heating function can be switched off by entering the service menu and change parameter 1.
 The CH installation does not then have to be connected or filled.
- If the appliance is taken out of operation during the winter and disconnected from the mains supply, the DHW water must be drained in order to prevent freezing.
 For this purpose the DHW connections below the appliance must be removed.



A = Combi Compact ECO RF 24 (*)

B = Combi Compact ECO RF 30

C = Combi Compact ECO RF 36

X Bar

Y. Litres per minute

(*) The Combi Compact ECO RF 24 is equiped with a flow restrictor of 8 litres. When a DHW flow above 8 liters is required this flow restrictor has te be removed.



A minimum of 0,5 bar mains cold water pressure is needed to ensure that the DHW circuit of the Intergas ECO RF boiler is working correctly.

15 13 11 9 7 5 3 0 0,2 0,4 0,6 0,8 1,0 1,2 1,4 1,6 1,8 2,0

8.2.4 Connecting the gas supply



Important :

The boiler is intended exclusively to be installed on a gas supply with a meter with gas pressure regulator.

When pollution in the gas is to be expected a gas filter has to be placed in the gas pipe to the boiler.

- 1. Fit the gas pipe into the gas valve and tighten this thoroughly .
- 2. Make sure that the gas pipe is fixed to a rigid surface.
- 3. Open the main gas valve and purge the system
- 4. Check all connections for leakage.

8.3 Electrical connection



CAUTION

A fused spur or an unswitched socket must be located no more than 1 metre from the appliance.



Correct earthing in accordance to applicable regulations is obligatory for the safety and functionality of the boiler.

For installation in damp rooms a fixed connection is obligatory.

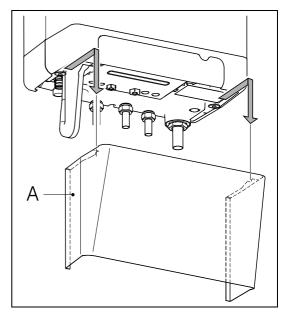
When working on the electrical circuit always isolate the electric supply.

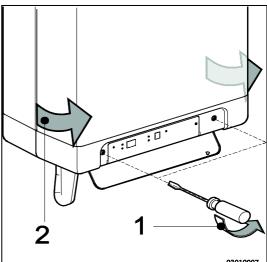
- 1. Slide the cover plate (A) (if present) to the front to remove.
- Open the display cover and unscrew both screws to remove the front cover.
- 3. Pull the boiler controller unit forwards; the boiler controller will tip downwards to provide access.
- 4. Consult sections § 8.3.1 and chapter 13 for making the connections.
- 5. After making the desired connections plug the appliance into an earthed wall socket.

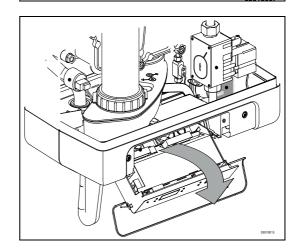


Temperature control	Connector X4	Notes
Programmable Room	6 – 7	Voltage free room
thermostat		thermostat.
Outside temperature	8 – 9	
sensor		
Frost protection	6 – 7	Parallel to possible
thermostat		room thermostat
Open Therm (OT) with	11 – 12	
timer function		

Temperature control	Connector X2	Notes
Programmable Room	1 – 3	
thermostat 230 V or		
Programmable external		
control 230 V		
Frost thermostat 230 V	1 – 3	







8.3.2 Programmable On / off room thermostat (low voltage)

To be connected to contacts 6 and 7 of connector X4.

This is a 24 volt connection and no mains power must be applied to these terminals. See chapter 13, electrical diagram.

Note

- 5. The on/off room thermostat has to be connected to the contacts 6 and 7 of connector X4.
- Adjust the feedback resistance of the room thermostat to 0.1 A. In case of doubt measure the current and adjust this accordingly.
- 7. The allowed maximum electrical resistance of the room thermostat and wiring is 15 Ohm.

8.3.3 Programmable Open Therm room thermostat

Open therm is a protocol that enables the boiler and the room thermostat to communicate. Based on the information from the room thermostat the flow temperature of the boiler is adjusted to the most optimal value.

The Open Therm (OT) room thermostat has te be connected to the contacts 11 and 12 of connector X4 (see chapter 13, electrical diagram).



CAUTION

Connecting the Open Therm room thermostat to other contacts than 11 – 12 may damage the room thermostat!

8.3.4 Outside temperature sensor (weather dependent regulation)

The appliance is equipped with a connection for an outside temperature sensor. The outside temperature sensor can be used in combination with an on/off room thermostat.



Note

When using a programmable Open Therm or Honeywell RF thermostat in combination with an outside sensor the function of this sensor is limitted to transfering the outside temperature to the roomt hermostat. The weather dependent regulation of the boiler controller in this situation is inactive.

Connect the outside temperature sensor (See § 8.3.1).

For the heating line setting, see weather-dependent regulation (See § 10.6). The sensor should be fitted where possible on a north facing wall.

8.3.5 230 volt room thermostat with timer function

To be connected to contacts 1 and 3 of connector X2. See electrical diagram.



NOTE

When a 230V thermostat is connected, link in 6 - 7 of connector X4 must be removed



Warning High Voltage

Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply before connecting the thermostat.

8.3.6 Modulating room thermostat, wireless

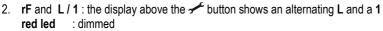


The ECO RF boiler is suited for wireless communication with the Honeywell room thermostats DTS92E and CMS927 without the need to use a send - or receiver module. The boiler and wireless room thermostat need to be paired to each other:

- Press the reset $\, \hat{\mathbf{L}} \,$ button of the boiler for approximately 5 seconds to enter the menu of the wireless room thermostat in the boiler controller.
 - One of the following codes will be displayed on the boiler display:
 - rF and L / -: the display above the button shows an alternating L and a red led : flashing

The boiler is not paired. A boiler in this mode can be paired by means of the method of the relevant room thermostat.

The method of pairing depends on the type of room thermostat being used and is described in the installation and user manuals of the wireless room thermostat.



The boiler is already paired to the room thermostat. An existing link with a wireless room thermostat is active. In order to create a new link, the existing one must be disabled.

Please refer to: Disabling an existing link of a wireless room thermostat to the boiler.

• Press the reset \triangle button to exit the wireless room thermostat menu or wait for 1 minute.

Testing the link between the boiler the and the wireless room thermostat

- 1. Press the reset $\stackrel{\bullet}{\Box}$ button of the boiler for approximately 5 seconds to enter the menu of the wireless room thermostat in the boiler controller.
- 2. Press the service see button once. In the display above the see button a t is shown.
- Bring the room thermostat in test mode (please refer to the installation and user manuals of the wireless room thermostat).
- 4. The **red led** above the reset **±** button will flash if the boiler and room thermostat are paired correctly.
- 5. Press the reset 1 button of the boiler to exit the room thermostat menu in the boiler controller. 1 minute after the last test message has been received from the wireless room thermostat the boiler controller automatically switches off the test mode.

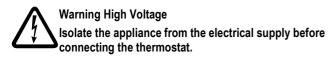
Disabling an existing link of a wireless room thermostat to the boiler

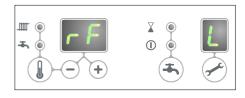
- Press the reset 1 button of the boiler for approximately 5 seconds to enter the menu of the wireless room thermostat in the boiler controller.
- Press the service button **twice**. In the display above the button a **C** is displayed.
- Press the reset
 ¹ button of the boiler once more to disable existing links. On the
 display of the boiler rF is displayed with a flashing L / . If desired a wireless room
 thermostat can be assigned to the boiler.
- Press the reset $\hat{\mathbf{1}}$ button of the boiler to leave the wireless room thermostat menu or wait for 1 minute. A \boxed{P} appears in the display.

8.3.7 S and Y zone plans

Any combination of external controls for time /temperature and heating of external DHW cylinders or CH zones can be connected to the boiler.

All controls/ zones should be connected in an external wiring centre and a switched live connected to 1 on X2. Set in-built timer to C-ON.







8.4 Condensate disposal

The appliance is provided with a 25 mm flexible pipe from its condensate trap. Connect the flexible tube from the condensate trap to the drain via an open connection.



CAUTION

Always fill the condensate trap with water and place it on the boiler before powering up the boiler.

Not placing or filling up the condensate trap may cause flue gases to come into the installation room and can lead to dangerous situations!

In order to place the condensate trap the front cover must be pulled forward or removed entirely.



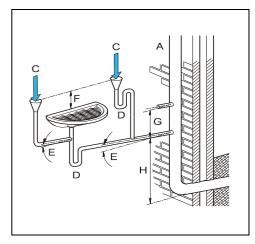
The condensate discharge system, pipework and fittings must be made of plastic. No other materials may be used. The discharge duct must have a gradient of 5-20 mm/m throughout its length. Condensate discharge via the gutter is not allowed given the risk of frost and the possible damage to materials

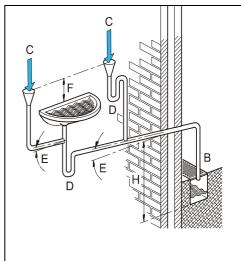
- A. Internal stack pipe (see diagram)
- B. Gully
- C. Condensate discharge from boiler
- D. Servicable waste trap
- E. 5 20 mm/meter
- F. > 100 mm
- G. > 110 mm
- H. > 450 mm

If an externally-run condensate drainage pipe is used the following measures should be adopted to prevent freezing:

- the pipe should be run internally as far as possible before going externally, the pipe diameter should be increased to a minimum of 30mm ID (typically 32mm OD) before it passes though the wall;
- the external run should be kept as short as possible, taking the most vertical route possible to the discharge point, with no horizontal sections in which condensate might collect;
- the external pipe should be insulated using suitable waterproof and weatherproof insulation ("Class O" pipe insulation is suitable for this purpose);
- the use of fittings, elbows etc should be kept to a minimum ans any internal "burrs" on cut pipework should be removed so that the internal pipe section is as smoooth as possible.

For more information about preventive measures against freezing please visit the HHIC website http://www.centralheating.co.uk/checklists/frozen-condensate-pipes.





8.5 Flue system

8.5.1 Flue pipe and air supply

The boiler utilises a special concentric flue adapter which can only be used with the elbow that is part of the horizontal or vertical flue pipes. For the appropriate types see chapter 6 Accessories.

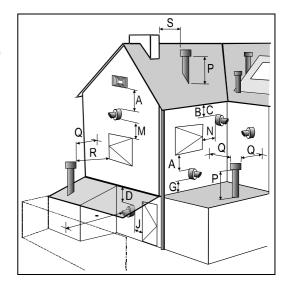
Note

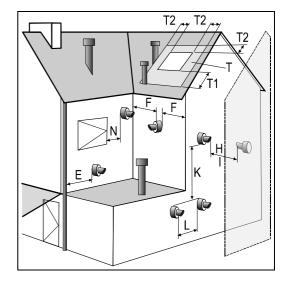
Only use approved Intergas flue products with this boiler, which can be sourced from the supplier of your boiler or Intergas stockist.

The standard horizontal flue pipe is not supplied with the boiler and should be purchased separately from your supplier. This flue may be routed to the rear, left or right of the appliance by means of the 90° degree bend, which is supplied in the flue kit.

8.5.2 Flue pipe position

	Terminal Position	Min. distance
Α	Directly below an open able window or other opening e.g. air brick	300 mm
В	Below gutters, soil pipes or drain pipes	75 mm
С	Below eaves	200 mm
D	Below balconies or car front roofs	200 mm
Ε	From vertical drain pipes and soil pip	150 mm
F	From internal or external corners	300 mm
G	Above ground, roof or balcony level	300 mm
Н	From a surface facing a terminal	600 mm
	From a terminal discharging towards another terminal	1200 mm
J	From an opening in a car port (e.g. door, window) into a dwelling	1200 mm
K	Vertically from a terminal on the same wall	1500 mm
L	Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall	300 mm
M	Above an opening, air brick, opening windows, etc.	300 mm
N	Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening windows, etc.	300 mm
Р	Above roof level (to base of terminal)	300 mm
Q	From adjacent wall to flue	300 mm
R	From an adjacent opening window	1000 mm
S	From another roof terminal	600 mm
-	From an external boundary. Note: if the terminal is facing a boundary it is recommended that an anti-plume kit be fitted.	600 mm
_	Terminals adjacent to windows or openings on pitched and flat roofs:	
T T1	The flue should not penetrate this area.	2000
T2		2000 mm 600 mm





Note

Intergas cannot be held responsible for atmospheric conditions when siting flue terminals



CAUTION

Once the flue has been installed and the appliance commissioned, installer should observe the plume direction. Particular attention should be drawn to plume vapour reentering the boiler via the air intake. If this occurs, it is highly possible the flue is fitted within a negative pressure area and therefore a plume management kit (PMK) must be fitted.

8.5.3 Length flue pipe and air inlet

The following lengths (L = meters) for the combustion system are valid:

Combi Compact ECO RF 24

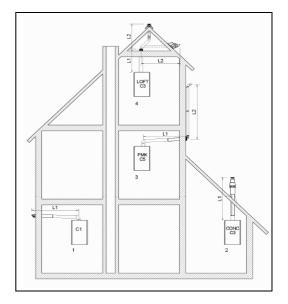
C13(1)	C33(2)	C13(1)	C33(2)	C53(3)		3(2) C53(3) C33(4)		3(4)
60/100	60/100	Twin-80	Twin-80	60/100	60	60/100	80	
L	L	L	L	L1	L2	L1	L2	
10.2	11	37.6	37.6	7	1	9	1	
				1	12	1	33.7	

Combi Compact ECO RF 30

C13(1)	C33(2)	C13(1)	C33(2)	C53(3)		3(3) C33(4)	
60/100	60/100	Twin-80	Twin-80	60/100	60	60/100	80
L	L	L	L	L1	L2	L1	L2
9.7	10	29.8	29.8	6.5	1	9	1
				1	10	1	31.2

Combi Compact ECO RF 36

C13(1)	C33(2)	C13(1)	13(1) C33(2) C53(3) C33(4)		C53(3)		3(4)
60/100	60/100	Twin-80	Twin-80	60/100	60	60/100	80
L	L	L	L	L1	L2	L1	L2
9.7	10	21.3	21.3	6	1	9	1
				1	10	1	30



8.5.4 Horizontal flue system

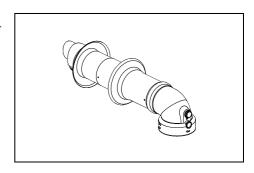
The 60/100 mm horizontal flue system may be extended up to a maximum length as mentioned in the table above. For every bend used the following flue length reductions apply: -45° bend = 1 metre and for a 90° bend this is 1.5 metres.



CAUTION

Only an Intergas approved flue is to be used with this product. Failure to comply with this requirement will invalidate your guarantee and may lead to a dangerous situation!

The horizontal wall terminal must be installed level as the flue terminal already has a 3 degree rise built in. If the use of flue extensions are needed then they must be fitted with a 3 degree fall back to the boiler and have a bracket fitted ever meter to support the flue. Best recommended position of the bracket is just before the joint.

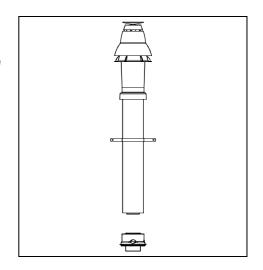


8.5.5 Vertical flue system

A vertical 60/100 mm flue kit is also available, which can be extended up to a maximum of 10 metres, excluding the initial boiler connection, using additional components available from the supplier of your boiler or Intergas stockist.

The vertical flue system contains a flue adapter concentric 60/100 to replace the standard adapter on the boiler.

Please note that the terminal is suitable for a flat or pitched roof and only approved Intergas flue products can be used with this boiler.



8.5.6 Plume management kit

The plume management kit comprises of a 710 mm horizontal section with elbow to connect the 1m vertical condensing tube, which has a horizontal or vertical terminal dependant on your requirements. The maximum length of <u>horizontal flue</u> including the terminal but excluding the initial elbow from the boiler and 1 metre vertical condensing tube is 7 metre.

Note

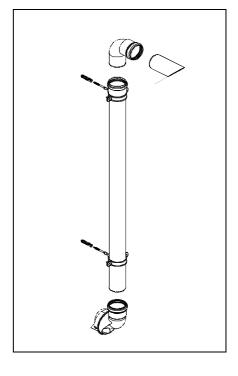
For each additional 90° elbow used the maximum flue length must be reduced by 1.5 metre, whilst the use of $2 \times 45^{\circ}$ bends warrants a reduction of 2 metre.

The horizontal part of the flue must be installed under a 3° fall towards the boiler (50 mm per metre) and must be supported with a minimum of 1 bracket at each meter length. Best recommended position of the bracket is just before the joint.



CAUTION

- Sealing rings should only be moisturized with water before use. Do not use soap or other detergents.
- When installing flues in voids make sure they are connected and fixed correctly. If in an existing situation a visual inspection is not possible the boiler must not be commissioned and remain disconnected from the gas supply untill suitable access has been realised.
- Make sure to follow the manufacturer's instructions regarding maximum length of the flue system, the appropriate flue material, correct jointing methods and the maximum distance between flue support.
- Ensure that all joints and seams are gastight and watertight.
- Ensure the flue system has a uniform gradient back to the boiler.



8.5.7 Flues in voids

The flue system must be connected in accordance with the manufacturers instructions BEFORE firing the boiler.

The term void includes ceiling voids, floor voids, purpose built enclosures ,service risers, roof spaces or any other enclosure that will restrict access to inspect the flue.

To allow visual inspection, without reliance on devices such as endoscopes, cameras and mirrors, inspection hatches must be provided along the entire length of the flue.

Hatches must be a minimum of 300mm x 300mm and positioned with the edge of the inspection hatch to 1.5m of any joint and at changes of direction. Bends should be viewable from both directions where the inspection hatch cannot be positioned at the bend.

Where suitable access is not provided the appliance MUST NOT be commissioned and must be disconnected from the gas supply.

Additionally the entire flue and all flue seals must be installed in accordance with the requirements of BS5440:

- 1. Check condensate trap is filled with water and correctly connected to boiler.
- 2. All flue joints are correctly made, unstressed and adequately supported.
- 3. All parts of the flue can be visually inspected -ensure suitable access where flue is positioned within voids-

9 COMMISSIONING THE APPLIANCE

At the time of commissioning, complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Checklist located in section 16 of this document.

9.1 Filling and venting the appliance and the installation

9.1.1 CH system

CAUTION

When an additive is added to the CH water, ensure it is suitable for the materials used in the appliance, such as copper, brass, stainless steel, steel, plastic and rubber.

- 1. Connect to 3 amp fused spur.
- 2. Connect the appliance to mains.

The appliance may perform a self test: 2 (on service display).

The appliance will then go into wait mode: |-| (on service display).

- 3. Connect the filling loop and fill the installation with clean drinking water to a maximum pressure of 1-2 bar in the case of a cold installation (Indicated on the temperature & display.)
- 4. Bleed the appliance with the manual bleed screw (A).
- Bleed the air in the installation with the manual bleed screws on the radiators
- Top up the CH installation if the pressure has dropped too far as a result of the air bleeding.
- 7. Check all couplings for leakage.
- 8. Fill the condensate trap with water.

9.1.2 Hot water supply

- 1. Open the main tap to pressurise the hot water section.
- 2. Vent the exchanger and the pipe system by opening a hot water tap.
- 3. Leave the tap open until all air has disappeared from the system.
- 4. Check all connections for leaks including internal connections.

9.1.3 Gas supply

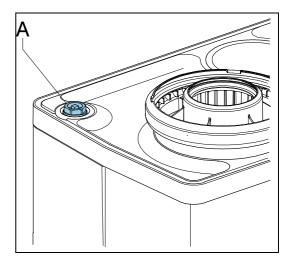
- 1. Gas supply purged of air via test point D on gas valve (see illustration)
- 2. Connect a suitable gauge to test point D.

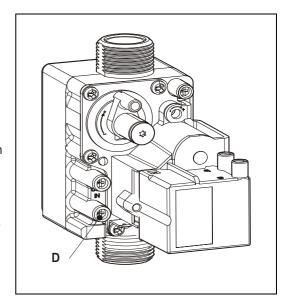
Static or standing pressure must be 20mBar.

If 20mBar is not obtained DO NOT proceed with commissioning until supply is rectified.

- If static pressure is correct fire the boiler and allow to reach working temperature.
- 4. Test working pressure by selecting test program "H". See section 10.8, High Setting. Working pressure must be 20 mBar + or- 1 mBar.

If working pressure is less than 19mBar the appliance heat output will be reduced and correct combustion readings may not be obtained. Do not adjust the air/gas ratio. Correct gas supply to obtain sufficient working pressure. Note. The inlet working pressure must be obtained with all other gas appliances at the property working.





9.1.4 Combustion

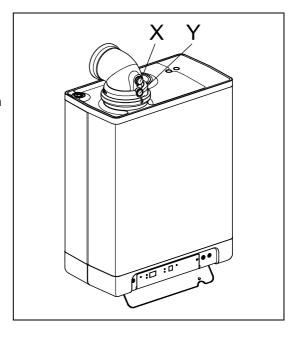
The combustion for this appliance has been checked, adjusted and preset at the factory for operation on the gas type defined on the appliance data plate. Do not adjust the air/gas ratio valve. Having checked:

- That the boiler has been installed in accordance with these instructions:
- The integrity of the flue system and the flue seal, as described in § 8.5 and the British Standards codes of practices, specifically BS 5440;
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and the relevant seals, as descibed in § 11.3 eg with a flue spillage mirror; proceed to put the boiler into operation as follows:
- 1. Set up the boiler to operate at maximum rate as described in § 10.8.1
- With the boiler operating in the maximum rate condition check that the CO2 value measuered at sampling point (X) complies with the requirements as described in the table under § 10.8.1.

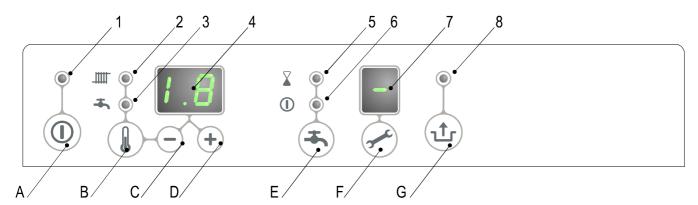
Ensure that this inlet pressure can be obtained with all other gas appliances in the property working.

9.1.5 Flue system

The flue system must be connected correctly to the appliance in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The flue termination should also be checked. Where suitable access for a visual inspection of an existing flue system has not been provided the appliance must not be commissioned and it must be disconnected from the gas supply.



9.2 Commissioning the appliance



Read-out

- 1 On / off
- 2 CH operation or setting maximum CH temperature
- 3 DHW operation or setting DHW temperature
- 4 Desired temperature of CH or DHW in °C / Ch water pressure (bar) / Fault code/ Time
- 5 DHW comfort function eco
- 6 DHW comfort function on (continuous)
- 7 Operating code
- 8 Flashes to indicate fault

Operation

- On / Off button
- B DHW / CH button, for setting desired temperature
 - button

С

- D + buttor
- E DHW comfort function off / eco / on
- F Service button
- G Reset button

Once the preceding actions have been carried out, the appliance may be started up.

- 1. Press the ① button , to start the appliance.
 - The heat exchanger is heated up and the service \checkmark display will show $\boxed{3}$, $\boxed{4}$ and $\boxed{1}$ (depending on the status of the DHW disabling switch and/or Open Therm regulation).
- 2. Adjust the pump setting depending on the maximum power set and the resistance in the CH installation. See 10.3, parameter setting.
 - For the water head of the pump and the pressure loss of the appliance see § 10.5.
- 3. Set the room thermostat higher than the room temperature. The appliance will now switch to CH operation: 5 will show on the 4 display.
- 4. Heat the installation and the appliance to approximately 80°C.
- 5. Check the temperature difference between the supply and return for the appliance and the radiators. This must be approximately 20°C. For this purpose set the maximum power on the service panel. See setting maximum power. If necessary adjust the pump setting and/or the radiator valves. For the minimum flow see § 10.5.
- 6. Switch the appliance off.
- 7. Bleed the appliance and the installation after cooling (if necessary top up).
- 8. Check correct operation of the heating and hot water supply.
- Instruct the user on filling and bleeding, heating and hot water supply and how to handle when the boiler is in blockage.

Notes

- The appliance is equipped with an electronic boiler controller, which ignites the burner and continuously monitors the flame during each request for heat from the heating or from the hot water supply.
- The circulation pump starts running in response to every request for heat. The pump continues running for 1 minute after heating. This post purge period can be changed if desired (See § 10.3).
- The pump runs automatically for 10 seconds every 24 hours in order to prevent seizing. This will occur at the time of the last request for heat. To change this time the room thermostat should be turned up briefly at the desired time.
- The pump does not run during DHW operation.

9.3 Shutting down



CAUTION

Drain the appliance and the installation if mains power has been interrupted and there is a possibility of freezing.

- 1. Drain the appliance at the drain tap.
- 2. Drain the installation at the lowest point.
- 3. Close the main cock for the water supply to the DHW section.
- 4. Drain the appliance by removing the DHW couplings below the appliance.

9.3.1 Frost protection

- To avoid freezing of the condensate drain pipe the appliance must be installed in a frost-free area.
- To avoid freezing of the appliance it is equipped with frost protection. If the
 temperature of the heat exchanger becomes too low, the burner switches on until
 the temperature of the heat exchanger is sufficient. If there is a possibility of the
 installation (or part of it) freezing, an (external) frost thermostat must be installed at
 the coldest point of the return pipe. This must be connected in accordance with the
 wiring diagram (See chapter 13).

Note

If an (external) frost thermostat has been fittted to the installation and connected to the
applianc <u>e,</u> this will not be active when the appliance is switched off at the operating
panel (- on service 🛩 display).

10 SETTING AND ADJUSTMENT

The functioning of the appliance is determined primarily by the (parameter) settings in the boiler controller. Part of this can be set directly via the operating panel; another part can only be adjusted using the installer code.

10.1 Directly via the operating panel

The following functions can be operated directly:

10.1.1 Appliance on/off

The appliance is started using the ① key.

When the appliance is in operation the green LED above the ① key will light up. When the appliance is off a single dash lights up on the service display (-) to indicate that supply voltage is present. In this mode the pressure in the CH installation (in bar) can also be read on the main display.

10.1.2 DHW comfort

The 'DHW comfort function' can be operated with the DHW comfort key 🗻 and has the following settings:

- On: (① LED on) The appliance's DHW comfort function is switched on continuously.
 - In this mode the heat exchanger will be kept on temperature to assure instant delivery of hot water.
- Eco: (\$\tilde{\chi}\text{LED on}\$) The appliance's DHW comfort function is self-learning. The
 appliance will adapt to the pattern of use of hot tap water. As a result, the
 temperature of the heat exchanger will not be maintained during the night or in the
 case of long absence.
- Off: (Both LEDs off) The temperature of the heat exchanger is not maintained, as a
 result of which the delivery of hot tap water takes a little time. If there is no need for
 hot tap water or its immediate delivery, the DHW comfort function can be switched
 off.

10.1.3 Resetting

When a lock-out is indicated by means of a flashing LED above the $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ key and a code on the main display, the appliance can be restarted by pressing the $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ key. Check the nature of the fault on the basis of the fault codes in § 11.1 and resolve the cause of the fault if possible before resetting the appliance.

10.1.4 Changing the settings of the various functions:

Holding the & key pressed in for 2 seconds takes you to the user settings menu(LED at IIIII and the figure display start to flash). Pressing the & key repeatedly results in a different function LED flashing each time. When the LED is flashing the indicated function can be set with the + and - key. The value set is shown on the & display.

The ① on/off key closes the settings menu without storing the changes.

The reset $\hat{\bot}$ key closes the settings menu and the changes are stored.

If no key is pressed during a period of 30 seconds, the settings menu is closed automatically and the changes are stored.

10.1.5 Maximum CH supply temperature

Press the key until the LED at the starts to flash.

With the + and - key s set the temperature between 30°C and 90°C (default value 80°C).

10.1.6 DHW temperature

Press the key until the LED at - starts to flash.

With the + and - keys set the temperature between 40°C and 65°C (default value 55°C).

10.2 Setting via the service code

The boiler controller in the appliance is factory set in accordance with the parameters.

These parameters can only be changed using the service code. Proceed as follows to activate the program memory:

- 1. Press the 🎤 and 🛈 keys simultaneously until a 🗓 appears on the service- and main display.
- 2. Using the + and keys set | 15 | (service code) on the main display.
- 3. Using the key set the parameter to be set on the service display.
- 4. Using the + and keys set the parameter to the desired value (visible) on the main display.
- 5. Once all desired changes have been entered, press the **t** key until a **P** appears on the service display.

The boiler controller has now been reprogrammed.

- Pressing the ① key in takes you out of the menu without storing the parameter changes.
- By pressing the set button over 5 seconds the default setting for the parameters will be restored. In the display "F-set" appears.

10.3 Parameters

			Compact ctory setti		
Parameter		24	30	36	
0	Service code [15]	-	-	-	Access to installer settings The service code must be entered (= 15)
1	Installation type	0	0	0	0= Combi 1= Heating only + external DHW tank 2= DHW only (no heating system required) 3= Heating only
2	CH pump continuous	0	0	0	0= post purge period only 1= pump continuously active 2= pump continuously active with MIT switch 3= pump on with external switch
3	Maximum CH power set	60	60	60	Adjustment range of set value parameter c up to 85%
3.	Max. power modulating pump	80	80	80	Adjustment range of set value parameter c. up to 99%
4	Maximum DHW power set	99	99	99	Adjustment range of set value parameter d up to 99%
5	Min. supply temperature of the heat curve	25	25	25	Adjustment range 10°C to 25°C
5.	Max. value flow temperature in display (end user setting)	90	90	90	Adjustment range 30°C to 90°C
6	Min. outside temperature of the heat curve	-7	-7	-7	Adjustment range -9°C to 10°C

7	Max. outside temperature of the heat curve	25	25	25	Adjustment range 15°C to 30°C
8	CH pump post purge period	1	1	1	Adjustment range 0 to 15 minutes
9	CH pump post purge period after DHW operation	1	1	1	Adjustment range 0 to 15 minutes (N.a. for Combi Compact appliance)
A	Position external valve	0	0	0	0 = activated during CH demand 1 = activated during DHW demand 2= activated during every heat demands 3 = combination with external heat source
b	Booster	0	0	0	N.a.
С	Step modulation	1	1	1	0= step modulation off during CH operation 1= step modulation on during CH operation
С	Minimal CH rpm	30	30	30	Adjustment range 25 to 50 %
C.	Min. power modulating pump	40	40	40	Adjustment range 15 until set value parameter 3.
d	Minimal DHW rpm	25	25	25	Adjustment range 25 to 50%
Е	Min. supply temperature during OT demand (OT= OpenTherm thermostat)	40	40	40	Adjustment range 10°C to 60°C
E.	OT response	1	1	1	0= ignore OT if < E 1= limit OT if < E 2= OT on-off
F	Start rpm CH	70	60	50	Adjustment range 50 to 99% of the set maximum rpm
F.	Start rpm DHW	70	60	50	Adjustment range 50 to 99% of the set maximum rpm
L	Legionella prevention (only applicable when using external tank and W-plan)	0	0	0	0 = Legionella prevention disabled. 1 = Legionella prevention weekly 2 = Legionella prevention daily
h	Max. fan rpm	48	50	50	Adjustment range: nominal value ± 200 rpm. With this parameter the maximum rpm can be set
n	Set point CH (flow temperature) during heating external DHW tank	85	85	85	Adjustment range 60°C to 90°C
n.	Keep hot temperature Eco/Comfort mode	0	0	0	Adjustment range 0, 40°C to 60°C Setting = 0: Keep hot temperature is related to the set value of the DHW.
0.	Delay time for responding on CH demand	0	0	0	Adjustment range 0 to 15 minutes
0	Delay time responding on CH demand directly following a DHW demand	0	0	0	Adjustment range 0 to 15 minutes
0.	Eco days	3	3	3	Adjustment range 0 until 10 Setting = 0 : keep hot facility can be set by Open Therm room thermostat
P	Anti cycle time (Delay time reacting on CH demand after exceeding maximum setting CH temp.)	5	5	5	Adjustment range 0 to 15 minutes
P.	Ref. value DHW	24	30	36	24 = ECO RF 24 30 = ECO RF 30 36 = ECO RF 36
q	Summer mode	0	0	0	Not applicable
r	Heating curve coefficient	0	0	0	Not applicable

10.4 Setting maximum CH power

The maximum CH power is set at 70% in the factory. If more or less power is necessary for the CH installation, the maximum CH power can be changed by changing the fan speed (rpm). See table "Setting CH power".

This table shows the relationship between the fan speed and the appliance power.

Setting CH power

Desired Ch	l power (in l	(W approx.)	Setting on service display (in % of max. rpm)
24	30	36	
17,8	22,8	26,3	85
14,8	19,1	22,6	70
12,7	16,4	19,0	60
10,6	13,7	15,8	50
8,3	11,0	12,7	40
6,4	8,3	8,5	30
5,4	6,9	7,1	25
-	-	-	20

Note

The power during operation is increased slowly and is reduced as soon as the set supply temperature is reached (modulate on T flow).

10.5 Adjusting pump setting

 Adjust the pump setting dependent on the maximum power set and the water resistance of the installation by setting the parameters 3. (3 dot). and c. (c dot).

The pump speed will now modulate between the minimum and maximum value proportional to the fan speed.

2. Check the temperature difference between the appliance supply and return: this must be approximately 20°C.

Make sure the flow does not undershoot the values mentioned in the table below.

The minimum flow quantity (I/h)	Power setting (kW)
155	5,4
500	17,5
650	22,7
750	28,4
910	31.9

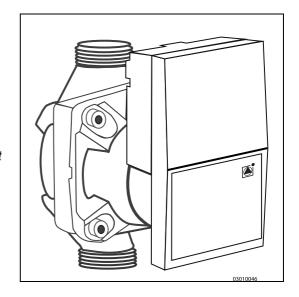
Appliance pressure loss graph, CH side

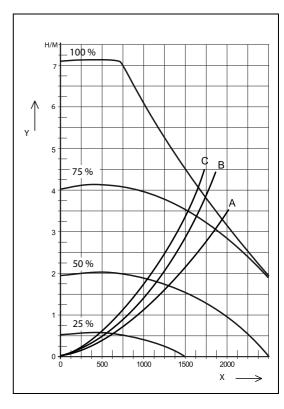
A. Combi Compact ECO RF 24
B. Combi Compact ECO RF 30

C. Combi Compact ECO RF 36

X Flow in I/h

Y Pressure loss / water head in mH₂O





10.6 Weather- compensation adjustment

When an external sensor is connected the supply temperature is adjusted automatically depending on the outside temperature, in accordance with the heating line set. The maximum supply temperature (Tmax) is set via the main display. If desired, the heating line can be changed in the parameter list. See § 10.3.

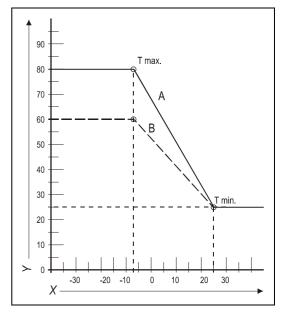
Heating line graph

- X. Outside T in °C
- Y. Supply T in °C
- A. Factory setting

 $(Tmax CH = 80^{\circ}C, Tmin CH = 25^{\circ}C, Tmin out = -7^{\circ}C, Tmax out = 25^{\circ}C)$

B. Example

(Tmax CH = 60°C, Tmin CH = 25°C, Tmin out = -7°C, Tmax out = 25°C)



10.7 Gas-Air ratio control

The gas air ration control of the boiler is set to the correct value in the factory and does not need to be adjusted. The gas type of the boiler on which the boiler has been set is noted on the data plate. The boiler is only to be used in combination with this gas type.

When necessary the boiler can be converted to another gas type using the appropriate conversion set. See the table below for the correct gas ring.

Table 1, inserts and associated gas rings per boiler type.

		Gas category		
Model	Insert number	Natural gas G20 20 mBar	Propane 3P G31 37 mBar	
			Gas ring	
24	471	505	410	
30	406	600	480	
36	362	655	525	

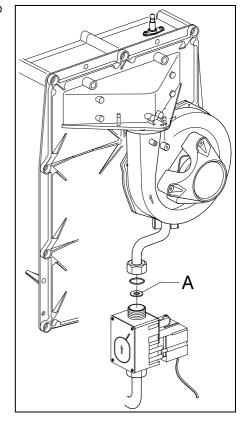
The correct setting of the Gas-Air ratio can be checked by measuring the flue gases using a calibrated O_2 measuring device. The measurement must be performed first at maximum power and thereafter on the minumum power.(see § 10.8.1 and § 10.8.2). For reference reasons the tables below contain O_2 and CO_2 values.

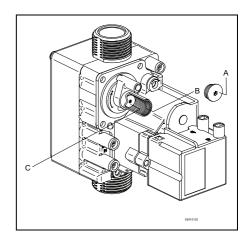
When the CO_2 or O_2 value is incorrect only the setting on minumum power can be adjusted (see § 10.8.3) by changing the setting of the gas valve.



Important

- During the CO₂ or O₂ check the front casing of the boiler needs to be removed.
- The deviation of the O₂ analyser must be restricted to +/- 0.3%
- A reliable measurement is only guaranteed when no extreme vacuum in the flue pipe is present (i.e. draft due to hard wind).
- A deviation at maximum power can not be adjusted with the gas valve setting. When the value measured at maximum power is without the prescribed range the boiler has to be checked on gas tightness and usage of the correct components, in particular the gas ring and the fan.
- When replacing parts or converting the boiler to another gas type the correct functioning of the gas air ration always has to be checked.





10.8 Checking the gas air ratio control

10.8.1 Checking flue gas at maximum power.

- Switch the appliance off with the ① button .
 [-] will appear in service display.
- 2. Remove the front panel by untightening the 2 screws.
- 3. Remove the cap X of the flue gas sampling point on the adapter.
- 4. Position the measuring probe or the flue gas analyser into the sampling point.

Important



- Ensure yourself that the analyser start up procedure has been finalized before placing the probe.
- The probe needs to close the sampling point fully to ensure an accurate measurement
- The end (tip) of the probe must be completely in the flue gasses (in the middle of the flue pipe)
- 5. Switch the appliance on with the ① button.
- 6. Activate the test program for maximum output by simultaneously pressing the buttons and + twice. A capital H appears in service display.

Important



- Make sure a capital H is shown in the display to ensure the appliance to run at maximum power.
- 7. Wait until the reading of the flue gas analyser is stable (minimal 3 minutes)
- 8. Note the measured value O₂(H) or CO₂(H)
 - $O_2(H)$ = measured O_2 value at maximum power
- CO₂(H) = Measured CO₂ value at maximum power
- 9. Check if the measured value is in accordance with the data noted in table 2a or 2b.

Table 2a: Limits O₂(H) at maximum power (open casing)

	Gas category			
Limits	Natural gas	Propane 3P		
	G 20	G31		
	O ₂ [%]	O ₂ [%]		
Maximum value	5.60	6.05		
Minimum value	3.85	4.50		

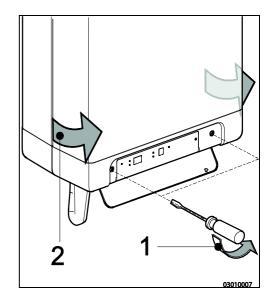
Tabel 2b: Limits CO₂(H) at maximum power (open casing)

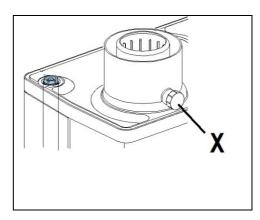
Tabor Ibr Immed Coz(11) at maximum power (open casing)				
	Gas category			
Limits	Natural gas Propane 3F			
	G 20	G31		
	CO ₂ [%]	CO ₂ [%]		
Maximum value	9.6	10.8		
Minimum value	8.6	9.8		

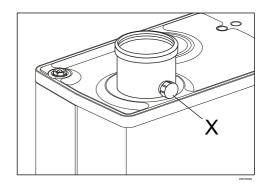


Important

- A deviation at maximum power can not be adjusted with the gas valve setting. When the value measured at maximum power is without the prescribed range the boiler has to be checked on gas tightness and usage of the correct components, in particular the gas ring, the insert and the fan.
- 10. Proceed performing the measurement on minimum output (see § 10.8.2).







10.8.2 Checking flue gas at minimum output

Before measuring the flue gasses at minimum output the measurement of the maximum output must be completed. The measured O_2 or CO_2 value at maximum output is important for determining the correct value for the measurement at minimum output. See § 6.8.1 for measuring at maximum output

- Activate the test program for maximum output by simultaneously pressing the buttons
 A capital L appears in service display.
- 2. Wait until the reading of the analyser is stable (min. 3 minutes)
- 3. Note the measured value O₂(L) orf CO₂(L).
 - $O_2(L)$ = is the measured value of O_2 at minimum power
 - $CO_2(L)$ = is the measured value of CO_2 at minimum power
- 4. Check if the measured value is in accordance to the data in table 3a or 3b



The O_2 lower limit is the value of $O_2(H)$ noted during the measurement at maximum output . The CO_2 upper limit is the value of $CO_2(H)$ noted during the measurement at maximum output. (See § 10.8.1)

Table 3a: limits O₂(L) at minimum output (open casing)

	Gas category			
Limits	Natural gas	Propane 3P		
	G20	G31		
	O ₂ [%]	O ₂ [%]		
Maximum value	6.00	6.65		
Minimum value	O ₂ (H)	O ₂ (H) + 0.5		

Table 3b: limits CO₂(L) at minimum output (open casing)

, ,	Gas category			
Limits	Natural gas	Propane 3P		
	G20	G31		
	CO ₂ [%]	CO ₂ [%]		
Maximum value	CO ₂ (H)	$CO_2(H) - 0.3$		
Minimum value	8.4	9.4		



Important

- The gas-air ratio is set correctly when the measured value at minimum output is within the upper and lower limit.
 Adjusting the gas-air ratio is not advised.
- The gas-air ratio needs to be adjusted in accordance to § 10.8.3 when the measured value at minimum output is not within the upper and lower limit.



For example (Natural gas G20)

During maximum output a $O_2(H)$ value of 4.0 % has been measured. In that case the $O_2(L)$ value at minimum output must be in-between 4 % (= value $O_2(H)$ and 6.05% as stated in the table. When during minimum output a value out of this range is measured the gas-air ratio must be adjusted..

- 5. Proceed, in case of a deviating value by adjusting the gas valve in accordance to § 10.8.3. In case of a correct setting continue with point 6.
- Fit the front panel to the appliance and tighten the 2 screws. Check the values for CO at minimum output (= max. 160 ppm)
- 7. Activate the test program for maximum output by simultaneously pressing the button and twice. A capital H appears in service display.
 - Check the values for CO at maximum output (= max. 160 ppm)
- 8. Switch the appliance off with the ① button.
- Remove the measuring probe of the flue gas analyser and replace the cap on the sampling point.
- 10. Check the tightness of the sampling point
- 11. Switch the appliance off with the ① button and check that the appliance is functioning well.

10.8.3 Correction gas air ratio on minimum power

Before the correction of the gas air ratio on minimum output the measurement of the maximum output must be completed. The measured O_2 or CO_2 value at maximum output is important for determining the correct value for the measurement at minimum output. See § 10.8.1 and § 10.8.2 for measuring at maximum output.

- 1. Remove the cover cap (A) on the gas valve so setting screw B will become attainable.
- 2. Activate the test program for minimum output by simultaneously pressing the buttons and —. A capital L appears in service display.
- 3. Wait until the reading of the analyser is stable (min. 3 minutes).
- 4. Measure the O2(L) or CO2(L) value
- Set, using adjustment screw B de correct value for O2(L) or CO2(L).
 See table 5a or 5b for the correct value



- Choose the correct table (4a and 5a is for natural gas, 4b and 5b is for Propane).
- The value measured at maximum output as noted during the measurement on maximum output (CO2(H) or O2(H))
 Turning clockwise of the adjustment screw will raise the CO2 value and lower the O2 value. Turing anti clockwise will raise the O2 value and lower the CO2 value.
- Change the setting in small steps and wait until the reading is stable before continue.

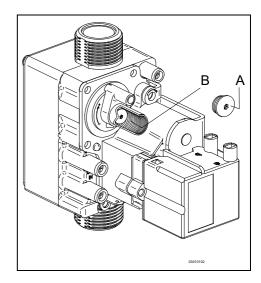


Table 4a: Determining the correct setting of O₂ at minimum output for natural gas G20 (open casing)

(open casing)		
Natural gas	G20 (20 mBar)	
Measured value am maximim power (See § 10.8.1)	Prescribed value at minimum power (= 0.5 x O ₂ (H) + 3.0)	
O ₂ (H) [%]	O ₂ (L) [%]	
5.60	5.80 ±0.2	
5.30	5.65 ±0.2	
5.00	5.50 ±0.2	
4.70	5.35 ±0.2	
4.40	5.20 ±0.2	
4.10	5.05 ±0.2	
3.85	4.90 ±0.2	

Table 4b: Determining the correct setting of O₂ at minimum output for propane G31

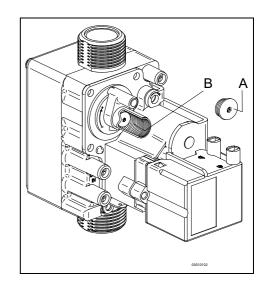
(open casing)	
Propane 3P	G31 (37 mBar)
Measured value am maximim power (See § 10.8.1)	Prescribed value at minimum power (= O ₂ (H) + 0.5)
O ₂ (H) [%]	O ₂ (L) [%]
6.05	6.55 ±0.2
5.70	6.20 ±0.2
5.40	5.90 ±0.2
5.10	5.60 ±0.2
4.80	5.30 ±0.2
4.50	5.00 ±0.2

Tabel 5a: Determining the correct setting of CO₂ at minimum output for natural gas G20 (open casing)

Natural gas	G20 (20 mBar)	
Measured value am maximim power (See § 10.8.1)	Prescribed value at minimum power (= 0.5 x CO ₂ (H) + 4.2)	
CO ₂ (H) [%]	CO ₂ (L) [%]	
9.6	9.0 ±0.1	
9.4	8.9 ±0.1	
9.2	8.8 ±0.1	
9.0	8.7 ±0.1	
8.8	8.6 ±0.1	
8.6	8.5 ±0.1	

Tabel 5b: Determining the correct setting of CO₂ at minimum output for Propane G31 (open casing)

(open casing)					
Propane 3P G31 (37 mBar)					
Measured value am maximim power (See § 10.8.1)	Prescribed value at minimum power (= CO ₂ (H) – 0.3)				
CO ₂ (H) [%]	CO ₂ (L) [%]				
10.8	10.5 ±0.1				
10.6	10.3 ±0.1				
10.4	10.1 ±0.1				
10.2	9.9 ±0.1				
10.0	9.7 ±0.1				
9.8	9.5 ±0.1				





Example (when using natural gas G20)

During the measurement at maximum output the value of O2(H) was 4.1 %. The setting for O2(L) at minimum output will then be 5.05 ± 0.2 %

- 1. Replace the cap A of the adjustment screw B for protection
- 2. Repeat the measurement at maximum and minimum output (§ 1.2.1 en § 1..2.2) to ensure the correct operation of the boiler.



Important

Work on gas carrying parts may only be carried out by a qualified competent person.



CAUTION

Work on gas carrying parts may only be carried out by a qualified competent person.

If a different type of gas is connected to the appliance than that for which the appliance has been set by the manufacturer, the gas metering ring should be replaced. Conversion sets for other types of gas are available to order.

10.9.1 Converting the gas restriction.

- 3. Switch the boiler off and isolate the boiler from the mains power.
- 4. Close the gas tap.
- 5. Remove the front panel from the appliance.
- 6. Unscrew the coupling (A) above the gas valve and twist the gas mixing tube towards the rear (B).
- 7. Replace the O-ring (C) and the gas restriction (D) with the rings from the conversion set
- 8. Re-assemble in reverse sequence.
- 9. Open the gas tap.
- 10. Check the gas connections before the gas valve for gas-tightness.
- 11. Switch on the mains power.
- 12. Check the gas connections after the gas valve for gas-tightness (during operation).
- 13. Now check the setting of the CO₂ percentage at high setting (H in display) and low setting (L in display).

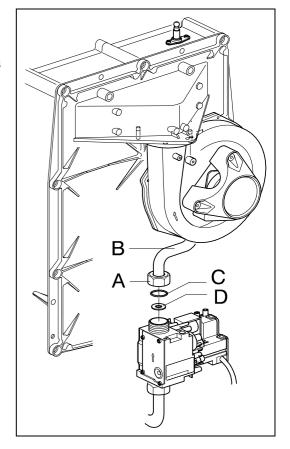


CAUTION

It is not possible to adjust the CO_2 percentage at high setting. When the CO_2 percentage at high setting is not within the prescribed tolerance band please contact your suppliers.

For adjusting CO₂ percentage at low setting see § 10.8.3.

Place a sticker for the gas type set over the existing sticker next to the gas valve. Place a sticker for the gas type set next to the identification plate.



10.10 Faults

10.11 Fault codes

If the fault LED is flashing, the boiler controller has detected a fault. A fault code will be indicated on the main display.

Once the fault has been rectified the boiler controller can be restarted.

Press the reset **t** key on the operating panel.

The following faults are distinguished

Main display	Display Fault	Possible Solution
10, 11, 12, 13, 14	Sensor fault S1	Check wiring for breakReplace S1
20, 21, 22, 23, 24	Sensor fault S2	Check wiring for breakReplace S2
0	Sensor fault after self check	Replace S1 and/or S2
1	Temperature too high	 Air in installation Pump not running Unsufficient flow in installation, radiators closed, pump setting too low
2	S1 and S2 interchanged	Check cable loom Replace S1 or S2
4	No flame signal	 Gas tap closed No or incorrect ignition gap Gas supply pressure too low or falling Gas valve or ignition unit not powered
5	Poor flame signal	 Condensate drain blocked Check adjustment of gas valve Cheack for earth fault
6	Flame detection fault	 Replace ignition cable + spark plug cap Replace ignition unit Replace boiler controller
8	Incorrect fan speed	 Fan catching on casing Wiring between fan and casing Check wiring for poor wire contact Replace fan*
29,30	Gas valve relay faulty	Replace boiler controller



CAUTION

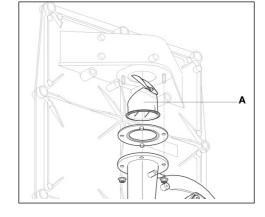
Always use original Intergas spare parts when replacing components.

Failure to fit the sensors S1 and/or S2, or to fit them correctly can result in serious damage.



CAUTION

* The boiler is equipped with a non-return valve (A), positioned above the fan. Ensure the non-return valve is repositioned correctly when replacing the fan.



10.12 Other faults

10.12.1 Burner does not ignite

Possible causes:

Gas tap is closed.

No ♣

Air in the gas pipe.

No ♣

Gas supply pressure too low.

No ♣

No ignition.

Solution:

Open gas tap.

Remove air form gas pipe.

Contact the gas supply company.

Replace ignition electrode.

No **♣** No spark. Ignition unit on gas valve faulty Check the cabling. Check the spark plug cap. Replace the ignition unit. No **♣** Gas/air adjustment not correctly set. Check adjustment. See gas/air adjustment. No **♣** Fan faulty Check the wiring. Check the fuse, if necessary, replace the fan. No **♣** Fan dirty. Clean the fan. No **♣** Gas valve faulty. Replace the gas valve. Re-adjust the gas valve, see gas/air adjustment 10.12.2 Burner ignites noisily Possible causes: Solution: The house pressure switch may be faulty. Contact the gas company. Gas supply pressure too high. No **♣** Replace the ignition pin. Incorrect ignition gap. Check the ignition electrode gap. No **♣** Check the setting. See gas/air adjustment. Gas/air adjustment not correctly set. No **♣** Check the ignition gap. Weak spark. Replace the ignition electrode. Replace the ignition unit on the gas valve. ηνυσσσσυνι (P) Checking ignition pin position using test tool Pin must touch test tool Pin must not touch test tool 10.12.3 Burner resonating Possible causes: Solution: Gas supply pressure too low. The house pressure switch may be faulty. Contact the gas company. No **♣** Recirculation of combustion gasses. Check the gas flue an the air supply. No **₹** Check the setting, see gas/air adjustment. Gas/air adjustment not correctly set. 10.12.4 No heating (CH) Solution: Possible causes: Check the wiring. Room thermostat / weather-dependent Replace the thermostat. adjustment not closed or faulty. Replace the weather-dependant adjustment. No **♣** Check the wiring against the diagram. No current (24 V). Check the connector X4. Replace the faulty manager. No **♣** Check the power supply. Check connector X2. Pump not running. Replace faulty pump.

No ↓		
Burner not firing on CH: sensor S1 or S2 faulty.	→	Replace sensor S1 or S2. See fault code.
No ↓		
Burner does not ignite.	→	See burner does not ignite.
10.12.5 The power is reduced		
Possible causes:		Solution:
At high rpm the power has fallen by more than 5%.	•	Check appliance and flue system for fouling. Clean the appliance and flue system.
10.12.6 CH does not reach temperature		
Possible causes:		Solution:
Room thermostat setting incorrect.	→	Check the setting and if necessary adjust: Set to 0.1A.
No ♣		
Temperature is too low.	→	Increase the CH temperature. See Operating CH . Check outside sensor for short-circuiting. Rectify.
No ↓		
Pump not running correctly. Pump setting is too low.	•	Increase pump setting, or replace the pump.
No ↓		
No circulation in the installation.	•	Check whether there is circulation: at least 2 or 3 radiators must be open.
No ♣		
The boiler power has not been correctly set for the installation.	•	Adjust the power. See setting maximum CH power.
No ↓		
No heat transfer as a result of lime scale or fouling in the heat exchanger.	→	De-scale or flush the heat exchanger on the CH side.
10.12.7 No hot water (DHW)		
Possible causes:		Solution:
Flow sensor not functioning.	•	DHW flow < 2.0 l/min. Replace the flow sensor.
No ♣		
No voltage at the flow sensor (5V DC).	→	Check the wiring according to the diagram.
No ♣	•	3 3
Burner not firing on DHW: S3 faulty.	→	Replace S3.
No ♣	•	<u> </u>
Burner does not ignite.	→	See burner does not ignite.
V	•	·
10.12.8 Hot water does not reach temperature		
10.12.8 Hot water does not reach temperature Possible causes:	•	Solution:
	_	
DHW flow to high.	•	Adjust the inlet assembly.
No ♣	_	Cat the het water sireuit depending on the desired terrocesture
Temperature setting for water circuit too low.	-	Set the hot water circuit, depending on the desired temperature.
No 4		
No heat transfer as a result of lime scale or fouling in the heat exchanger DHW side.	•	Descale or flush the exchanger DHW side.
No ↓		

Intergas Heating Ltd 46

Cold water temperature <10°C.

11 MAINTENANCE

The appliance and the installation should be checked and if necessary cleaned every year by a registered expert.

For assembly and disassembly the following tools can be used:

- 1. Cross head screwdriver
- 2. Allen key 8 mm
- 3. Fork spanner 30 mm

After servicing, complete the relevant Benchmark Service Record section located on page 51 of this document.



CAUTION

Work on gas carrying parts may only be carried out by an authorised installer.

When the appliance has just been operating parts may be hot.



CAUTION

The integrated insolation and burner seal contain ceramic fibres.

11.1 Disassembly

- Switch the boiler off and isolate the boiler from the mains power.
- Close the gas tap.
- Open the display cover and turn the two screws on the left- and right-hand side of the display and remove the front panel.
- 4. Wait until the appliance has cooled down.
- 5. Unscrew the coupling nut at the base of the flue pipe anti-clockwise.
- 6. Slide the flue pipe upwards (1) turning it anti-clockwise until the bottom of the pipe is above the condensate drain pan connection. Pull the bottom of the pipe forwards (2) and remove the pipe downwards (3) turning it anti-clockwise.
- 7. Lift the condensate drain pan on the left-hand side from the connection to the condensate trap (4) and turn it to the right with the condensate trap connection over the edge of the base tray (5). Push the back of the condensate drain pan downward from the connection to the heat exchanger (6) and remove it from the appliance.
- 8. Remove the connector from the fan and the ignition unit from the gas valve.
- 9. Unscrew the coupling below the gas valve.
- 10. Unscrew the shoulder bolts from the front cover and remove this complete with gas valve and fan to the front (NB: Ensure that the burner, insulation plate, gas valve, gas supply and fan do not get damaged).

Note

When the appliance is connected to a wall mounting jig with built-in expansion vessel a regular inspection of the expansion vessel pressure is advisable. Access to re-pressurise the expansion vessel is at the rear back of the vessel.

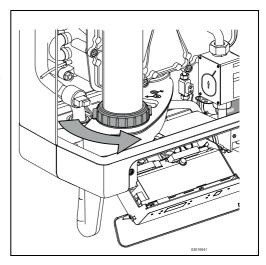


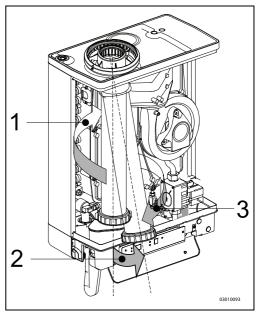
CAUTION

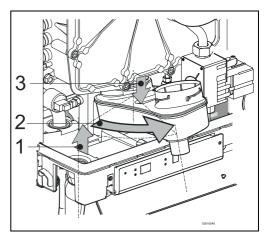
The boiler is equipped with a non-return valve (A), positioned above the fan. Ensure the non-return valve is repositioned correctly when replacing the fan.

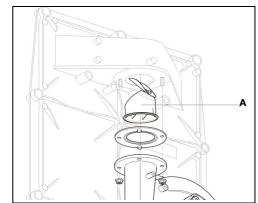
11.2 Cleaning

- Clean the heat exchanger from top to bottom with a plastic brush or compressed air.
- 2. Clean the underside of the heat exchanger.
- 3. Clean the condensate drain pan with water.
- 4. Clean the condensate trap with water.









11.3 Assembly



CAUTION

When fitting the various seals check for damage, hardening, tears or hairline tears and/or discoloration. Where necessary fit a new seal. Also check whether seals are still correctly positioned.

Warranty will be void by not correctly replacing removed parts!

- Check if there is a small layer of ceramic grease on the contact surface between the shoulder bolt and the front plate
- Ensure that the seal around the front cover is installed correctly. Place the front cover on the heat exchanger and secure it using the socket head screws plus serrated lock washers.
 Tighten the shoulder bolts equally hand-tight (10–12 Nm), working crosswise. See the picture for the correct sequence.
 - N.B. The picture is showing a front plate with 11 shoulder bolts (Kombi Kompakt ECO EF 30 or ECO RF 36). The front plate for the ECO RF 24 has 9 shoulder bolts.
- 3. Fit the gas connection below the gas valve.
- 4. Fit the connector to the fan and the ignition unit to the gas valve.
- 5. Fit the condensate drain by sliding on to the exchanger outlet stump (1) with the condensate trap connection still in front of the base tray. Then turn it to the left (2) and push it downwards into the condensate trap connection (3). Make sure in doing this that the back of the condensate drain pan comes to rest on the lug at the back of the base tray (A).
- 6. Fill the condensate trap with water and fit it to the connection below the condensate drain pan.
- Slide the flue pipe, turning it anti-clockwise, with the top around the flue adapter, into the top cover. Insert the bottom into the condensate drain pan and tighten the coupling nut clockwise.
- 8. Open the gas tap and check the gas connections below the gas valve and on the mounting bracket for leakage.
- 9. Check the CH and the water pipes for leakage.
- 10. Switch on the mains power.
- 11. Switch the appliance on with the ① key.
- 12. Check the front cover, the fan connection on the front cover and the flue pipe components for leakage.
- 13. Check the gas/air adjustment.
- Fit the casing, tighten the two screws left and right of the display and close the display cover.
- 15. Check the heating and the hot water supply.

11.4 Combustion

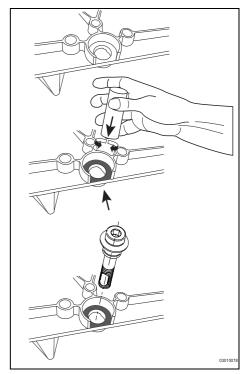
During routine servicing, and after any maintenance or change of part of the combustion circuit the following must be checked:

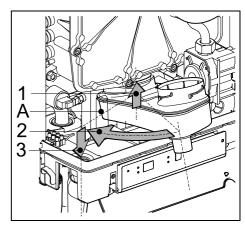
- The integrity of the flue system and the flue seals, as described in § 8.5 and the British Standards codes of practices, specifically BS 5440.
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and the relevant seals, as described in § 12.3.
- The operational (working) gas inlet pressure at maximum rate, as described in § 10.7.2.
- The combustion performance, as described in § 10.7 and § 10.8.

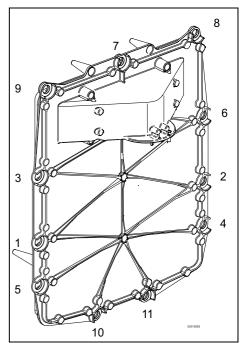
BS 6798: 2009 Specification for installation and maintenance of gas-fired boilers of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net advises that:

- The person carrying out a combustion measurement should have been assessed as competent in the use of a flue gas analyser and the interpretation of the results;
- The flue gas analyser used should be one meeting the requirements of BS7927 or BS-EN50379-3 and be calibrated in accordance with the analyser manufacturers' requirements, and
- Competence can be demonstrated by satisfactory completion of the CPA1 ACS assessment, which
 covers the use of electronic portable combustion gas analysers in accordance with BS7967, Parts
 1 to 4.

Connect the flue gas analyser to the flue gas sampling point (X) and check combustion as described in § 10.7. If the CO_2 percentage reading of the combustion gases at low setting falls into the bandwith stated in § 10.8 the combustion setting is correct and no further adjustment is needed. If the combustion reading falls outside the prescribed tolerance band and the integrity of the complete flue system and combustion circuit seals have been verified as well as the inlet gas pressure proceed to adjust the gas/air ratio as descibed in § 10.8. When the CO_2 percentage at high setting is not within the prescribed tolerance band please contact Intergas Heating.

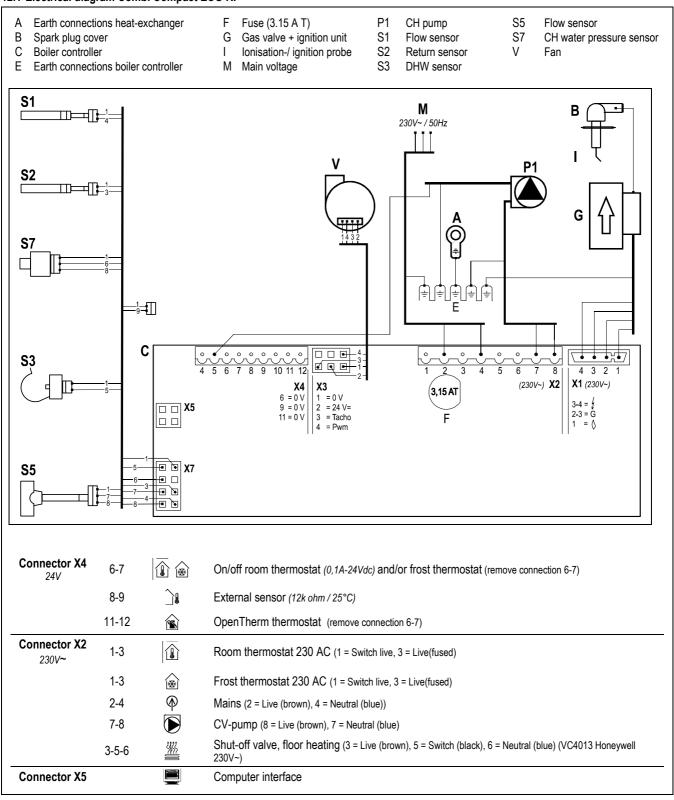






12 ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

12.1 Electrical diagram Combi Compact ECO RF



12.2 TC resistances

NTC 12kOhm					
T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]
-15	76020	25	12000	65	2752
-10	58880	30	9805	70	2337
-5	45950	35	8055	75	1994
0	36130	40	6653	80	1707
5	28600	45	5522	85	1467
10	22800	50	4609	90	1266
15	18300	55	3863	95	1096
20	14770	60	3253	100	952

13 SHORT SPARES LIST

Description	Article number
Boiler controller	074647
Fan 24 V	074397
Wall mounting strip	145308
Temperature sensor (heat exchanger)	200117
Temperature sensor (DHW)	200177
Modulating CH Pump	210337
Ignition / ionisation electrode	209367
Ignition / Ionisation electrode service set	074337
Ignition cable	074607
Gas valve Siemens Smart	801527
Ignition module Siemens TQG43	801537
Condensate trap	844187
Flow sensor (DHW)	844797
Condensate collector	847037
Pressure sensor (CH)	864087
Seal gas valve (inlet)	875757
O-ring gas restriction ring	875827
O-ring front plate Combi Compact ECO RF 36	876597
O-ring front plate Combi Compact ECO RF 30	877927
O-ring front plate Combi Compact ECO RF 24	876467
Seal ring condensate collector (heat exchanger connection)	878147
O-ring flue pipe dia 68*4	878537
Seal ring flue pipe (outlet side)	878547
Condensate trap connection	878577
Sampling cap	847000

14 WARRANTY CONDITIONS

With due regard for the conditions indicated below, Intergas Heating Ltd warrants to the authorised installer the soundness of the materials used in and the correct operation of its Central Heating products, when used for the purpose for which they are delivered. As the occasion arises we should be enabled to ascertain, on site if necessary, the soundness of the warranty entitilement.

The warranty comprises:

The warranty is limited to the free-of-charge resupply of parts that during the warranty period, entirely in our judgement exhibit material or manufacturing faults that are not the result of normal wear etc. Such parts should be sent to us carriage paid together with an indication of the defect and after replacement become our property.

- The warranty period on <u>parts</u> is 5 years calculated from the date of installation. The warranty is effective only if the annex to the warranty certificate has been signed by the purchaser and returned to us within 30 days of the date of installation.
- The warranty period on the water tightness of the boiler's <u>heat exchanger</u> is 10 years, provided however that if, as a result of corrosion, leakages arise which in our view cannot be rectified on site, we will exclusively supply that boiler part on the basis of old for new, calculated at the time of replacement from the installation date.
- 3. The warranty ceases to apply if it is ascertained that the defects, damage or excessive wear are attributable to improper use or injudicious treatment or inexpert repair, setting, installation or maintenance by unauthorised installers or to the product being exposed to substances containing aggressive chemicals (including hair lacquer) and other harmful substances.
- 4. The warranty also ceases to apply if pipes and couplings have been used in the installation which can cause oxygen diffusion, or if the defect is the result of depositing of boiler scale (harmful to the boiler and the installation). Surface damage and transport damage are not covered by the warranty. The right to warranty ceases to apply if it cannot be demonstrated that, after commencement of use, the central heating boiler has been serviced at least once a year by an installer authorised for that purpose by or on behalf of the gas company. The instructions for installation and use which we issue for the boilers concerned should be complied with in full.
- 5. The manufacturer's liability under the agreement is expressly limited to fulfilment of the warranty obligations defined in this article. All claims for compensation, except for those relating to failure to fulfil the warranty obligations, are excluded. With due regard for the mandatory provisions regarding product or other liability, no rights may ever be derived at any time with regard to any consequential loss, loss of net worth or any loss whatsoever that might arise from defects in materials delivered or work performed by the manufacturer. In addition, all offers and agreements concerning deliveries and/or services to be made or provided by us are governed by the Conditions of Sale.

A copy of these conditions will be sent to you free of charge on request. Conditions to the contrary are expressly rejected. Furthermore all offers of and agreements regarding products to be supplied and/or services to be provided by us are subject to the general conditions of sales . A copy of these conditions will be sent free of charge on request. Other conditions are expressly rejected.

- 6. The warranty is effective only if the annex to this warranty certificate has been signed by the purchaser and returned to us within 8 days of the date of installation. By signing the warranty card the purchaser states his/her agreement that the items have been delivered in good condition.
- If the installer's business has been terminated before the end of the warranty period, the user may invoke our warranty obligations to the installer.



Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the scheme. Visit www.centralheating.co.uk for more information.

Use as intended

The appliance, as described in this documentation, is intended for heating rooms via a central heating installation and/or for supplying hot water. Any other use lies outside the intended use of the appliance. No liability can be accepted for loss or damage arising from incorrect use.

15 CE DECLARATION

Declaration of conformity in accordance with ISO IEC GUIDE 22.

Manufacturer Address Intergas Heating Limitted

Building 94

Bay 1 Vantage Point The Pensnett Estate Kingswinford DY6 YFS

Hereby declares that the CH appliances:

Combi Compact ECO RF 36

Combi Compact ECO RF 30

Combi Compact ECO RF 24

meets the provisions of the following directives:

- Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC)
- Gas Appliances Directive (2009/142/EC)
- Boiler Efficiency Directive for new oil- and gas-fired central heating boilers (92/42/EC)
- EMC Directive (2004/108/EC)
- R&TTE Directive (1999/5/EG) *
- Ecodesign (2009/125/EG)
- Energy labelling 2010/30/EU

 $(\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}})$ The declaration of conformity can be obtained from Intergas Heating limitted

H. Bosscher, July 2015

16 GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission according to the manufacturer's instructions and complete this Benchmark Commissioning Checklist will invalidate the warranty. This does not affect the customer's statutory rights.

Customer name:	Telephone number:																		
Address:																			
Boiler make and model:		05 305	700 000		113		v	,						- 50				930	
Boiler serial number:																			
Commissioned by (PRINT NAME):	4 10	žo		(4)		Gas	Safe	regis	ster r	numbe	er:			0,	12.0	10	1.0	100	10.
Company name:						Tele	Telephone number:												
Company address:																			
	Commissioning date:																		
To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate*																			
Building Regulations Notification Numbe	er (if applicable)	:																	
CONTROLS (tick the appropriate boxes	;)					· ·													
Room thermostat and programmer/timer Programmable room thermostat											t								
Time and temperature control to heating	!			Load	d/weatl	her com	pensa	ation							Op	otimu	m start	contro	
Time and temperature control to hot wat	ter	Cylind	er then	mosta	at and p	program	mer/t	timer								Com	bination	Boiler	
Heating zone valves							F	itted									Not re	equired	
Hot water zone valves							F	itted									Not re	equired	
Thermostatic radiator valves							F	itted									Not re	equired	
Automatic bypass to system							F	itted									Not re	equired	
Boiler interlock	5 95 29	-	170			-00											Р	ovided	
ALL SYSTEMS												_							
The system has been flushed and clean	ed in accordance	ce with BS	S7593 a	and b	oiler m	anufact	urer's	instr	ructio	ons								Yes	
What system cleaner was used?																			
What inhibitor was used?														Qua	anti	ty			litres
Has a primary water system filter been in	nstalled?													\$44	es			No	
CENTRAL HEATING MODE measure a																			
Gas rate	na recora.					m³/hr	Ī			0	R								ft³/hr
Burner operating pressure (if applicable))					mbar	U 07700A 000 W								mbar				
Central heating flow temperature	,					mbai	Thou or our met pressure									°C			
Central heating return temperature																			°C
							-					=	_						
Is the installation in a hard water area (a	abovo 200nnm\	2													000			No	
Is the installation in a hard water area (above 200ppm)? Yes No If yes, and if required by the manufacturer, has a water scale reducer been fitted? Yes No								-											
What type of scale reducer has been fitte	Constantes	scale reu	ucei be	JCII III	icu:									- 1	C3			140	
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Measu	200000000000000000000000000000000000000																		
Gas rate	arc and record.					m³/hr	T			_	R								ft³/hr
Burner operating pressure (at maximum	rate)					mbar	OR	Gasi	inlet i	pressu		maxir	num r	ate					mbar
Cold water inlet temperature	idicj					mbai	Oit	Ous	mict	prosse	are at	maxii	i i di i i i						°C
Hot water has been checked at all outlet									°C										
Water flow rate	200000000000000000000000000000000000000									I/min									
The condensate drain has been installed	d in accordance	with the	manufa	octuro	r'e inet	tructions	and/	or DS	SEEVE	E/DC6	700							Voc	
The condensate drain has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and/or BS5546/BS6798 Yes																			
ALL INSTALLATIONS																			
Record the following:	At max. rate:	m.		C				ppm			CO/					Rati			
	At min. rate: (v	0.070100	V2 2000	C	20120.0			ppm	ANI	ID	CO/	CO₂				Rati	0		
The heating and hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations Yes																			
The boiler and associated products have been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions Yes The prostrien of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the systems.																			
The operation of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer Yes The many fact, use's literature, including Penchmark Checklist and Service Recept has been explained and left with the customer.									_										
The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer Yes									<u> </u>										
Commissioning Engineer's Signature																			
Customer's Signature			20.000		0.														
(To confirm satisfactory demonstration a	nd receipt of ma	anufactur	er's lite	erature	e)	ilia.	9					2	- 52	_	_			(5)	
****															5	211	chi	nai	rk

^{*}All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



www.centralheating.co.uk

© Heating and Hotwater Industry Council (HHIC)

17 SERVICE RECORD

SERVICE RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Interval Record is completed.

Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions. Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SFR	VICE 01			Date:	SER	RVICE 02			Date:				
Engineer	200000000000000000000000000000000000000				Engineer name:								
-													
Company name: Telephone No:				Company name: Telephone No:									
	register No:					e register No:							
Ous suic	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	- Ous suit	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Commen		оо рр		002.0	Commer	0	ээ рр		002.0				
Signature	·				Signatur	re							
					-				-				
	VICE 03			Date:		RVICE 04			Date:				
Engineer	name:				Enginee	100 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)							
Company					Compan								
Telephon	100 m				Telephor	The second secon							
Gas safe	register No:			00.0	Gas safe	e register No:	00		00.00				
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %				
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	-	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %				
Commen	IS:				Commer	nts:							
0:	7				C:								
Signature					Signatur								
SER	VICE 05			Date:	SER	RVICE 06			Date:				
Engineer	name:				Enginee								
Company					Compan								
Telephon					Telephone No:								
Gas safe	register No:					e register No:							
	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %		At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Commen	ts:				Commer	nts:							

Signature	:				Signatur	re							
SED	VICE 07			Date:	CEB	RVICE 08			Date:				
				Date.	-				Date.				
Engineer					Enginee								
Company					Compan	N various							
Telephon					Telephor								
Gas safe	register No:		4415	CO 8/	Gas safe	e register No:	00	ALID	CO 8/				
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Common	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Commo	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Commen	lə.				Commer	II.3.							
Signature					Signatur	να.							
					≒								
SER	VICE 09			Date:	SER	RVICE 10			Date:				
Engineer	name:				Enginee	r name:							
Company	name:				Compan	y name:							
Telephon	e No:				Telephor	ne No:							
Gas safe	register No:				Gas safe	e register No:							
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Accord.	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	Trecord.	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %				
Commen	ts:				Commer	nts:							
Signature					Signatur	re			_				

^{*}All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



© Heating and Hotwater Industry Council (HHIC)

www.centralheating.co.uk

Intergas boilers are manufactured in a Kiwa ISO 9001 certified production faccility.





Intergas Heating Ltd

Intergas Heating Limited Building 94 Bay 1 Vantage Point The Pensnett Estate Kingswinford DY6 7FS Telephone : 01527 888000 Fax : 01384 279480 info@intergasheating.co.uk

www.intergasheating.co.uk